INSURANCE
Indian Companies expect full support from the people.
11

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
Much more can be done in 1930 and our companies will do better.
12

VOL. XIX NO. 125— BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1931. PRICE ONE ANNA

BARDOLI RYOTS PAYING UP REVENUE.

Gandhiji Nails Anglo-Indian Press Lie.

"DISBELIEVE ALL SENSATIONAL STATEMENTS."

BARDOLI, May 28.

"I urge the public to disbelieve all sensational statements and be unruffled by them," declared Mahatma Gandhi to-day in connection with the reports in the Press to the effect that an ugly situation is again developing in and around Bardoli.

Gandhiji added: "It is news to me that the peasants have no intention to pay the land revenue. have been paying to the utmost I do know that the peasants of their ability all the time and are still paying.

"I hope to be able shortly to make a public statement to show how punctiliously correct Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel and other workers in the Civil Disobedience areas have been in implementing the Delhi Settlement."—A.P.

WOMEN'S DEPUTATION TO VICEROY.

Wants Representation At R. T. C.

SIMLA, May 28.

A Deputation of fifteen ladies representing All-India Women's Conference waited upon the Viceroy and urged the delegation of an adequate number of lady representatives to the ensuing Round Table Conference with a view to ensuring all round success.

In a memorial presented, it was contended, that in view of the fact that the previous Session of the Round Table Conference had only two lady delegates none of whom represented All-India Women's Conference, the Deputationists claimed (by virtue of their being not only an All-India body but also an All-India Asiatic body) that at least three of their representatives should figure in the next Conference.—A.P.

VICEROY'S SYMPATHETIC PROMISE.

The Viceroy received a deputation of the All-India Women's Conference consisting of 15 members headed by Rani Lakshmibai Rajwade, who presented an address urging that women should be represented at further stages of the Round Table Conference, by at least, three ladies elected by the Association, in addition to those already nominated by the Government.

The address assured the Viceroy that "Your Excellency can rely on us that we will lend the utmost sympathetic consideration to the decisions in which our representatives have had a share and will, thus, be able to influence the very powerful body of educated opinion."

VICEROY SYMPATHETIC.

His Excellency, replying, expressed his great surprise and real pleasure at the extraordinary growth of the women's movement in India during the few years he had been away and said that the increasing influence of women in public affairs of India could not but have a beneficial effect upon the country.

He assured them that he would do what he could to support and assist the women of India in their efforts to take a more active part in public life.

The Viceroy then paid a tribute to the work done by Begum Shah Nawaz and Mrs. Subbarayan at the last session of the Round Table Conference and added that he would bear in mind the request of the All-India Women's Conference for further representation at the next session of the Round Table Conference.—A.P.

MEERUT ACCUSED AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, May 27.

Kishorylal Ghose, Meerut accused who is on bail, arrived at Howrah by the Lahore Express this afternoon and was met by Mr. J. M. Sen-Gupta and several labour leaders and journalists.—A.P.

Prof. Picard And Companion's Efforts Crowned With Success

BALLOON LANDS SAFELY IN AUSTRIAN TYROL.

TEN MILES FLIGHT IN AIR.

Berne.—The Swiss Aviation Bureau has received a telephone message that the balloon with Prof. Piccard and his assistant has come down on a glacier in Oetz Alps.

SAFE IN TYROL.

Munich.—Anxiety regarding the fate of the Belgian Professor Piccard and his companion, Doctor Kipfer, who yesterday ascended in balloon at Augsburg, with a view to reaching an altitude of ten miles for taking meteorological observations, has been relieved.

They safely descended on glacier in Oetz mountains in Austrian Tyrol. The balloonists, who in hermetically sealed gondola breathed oxygen have carried out their aim.—Reuter.

EARLIER NEWS

—:o:—

Effort To Trace Balloon Fall.

LONDON, May 28.

Berlin—Daylight has brought no news of the balloonist Piccard and his companion Doctor Kipfer. It is now regarded as practically certain that disaster has over taken them.

One theory is that cold night air may have forced the balloon down and caused it to crash on Austrian Tyrol. Another view held by many scientists is that the airmen in their sealed gondola have met their death from suffocation, possibly through failure of oxygen apparatus.

The fact that no reply has been received to rocket signals fired from the ground, when the balloon was sighted near Innsbruck last night, tends to confirm this theory.

Gendarmes who then tried to follow the balloon on motor cycles lost sight of it in the darkness and a light aeroplane which took off in the endeavour to discover fate of airmen was similarly forced to return.—Reuter.

Drifting To Death?

LONDON, May 28.

Berlin.—Apprehension is beginning to be felt about Piccard the Belgian Professor, who is trying to reach an altitude of ten miles in balloon. He had calculated for making a landing within seven hours and his oxygen supply will only last for ten hours. It is now learned that the adventurers took three parachutes, two for releasing meteorological instruments and the third to fix to an aluminium gondola to bring its occupants to earth.

DRIFTING TO DEATH?

No report has been received of the landing of Prof. Piccard's balloon and since it is hermetically sealed with oxygen for merely ten hours, it is greatly feared that daring the enthusiasts have drifted to death.

FEARS STRENGTHENED.

Innsbruck.—Fears regarding the safety of Prof. Piccard's ballon which hovered at a great height over Australian Tyrol throughout the day have been strengthened by the report that the balloon is sending out distress signals and is apparently descending in District Venn, whither the police have rushed in motor cars to give any assistance needed.—Reuter.

BURMA DACOITIES CONTINUE

—:o:—

Headman's House Attacked

20 MEN ARRESTED

RANGOON, May 28.

Several dacoities are reported from Tharrawaddy, Henzada, Toungoo and Insein. Among the outrages perpetrated at Toungoo are robbery accompanied by murder at the residence of a Chittagonian family, dacoity at the railway station and burning of a forest rest house.

At Insein, thirty rebels attacked the headman's house in Tawlate area and destroyed tax receipts. Maubin reports that seven Indian huts were burnt.

Twenty tattooed men including one "Sa" (master tattooer) have been arrested in Mandalay.—A.P.

Latest News.

CAWNPORE MOHARRUM PROCESSION ABANDONED.

CAWNPORE, May 28.

Mahomedans observed a harta to-day as a protest against the non-removal of the signboard at the Badshahi Naka.

They did not take out a procession yesterday, nor to-day. Local Congressmen held a prolonged meeting to consider the question.

Opinion was divided among them as to the advisability of yielding to the Mahomedan demand.—A.P.

C. P. Land Revenue Amendment Bill, 1931

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, May 27.

The Select Committee consisting of Sir A. Nelson, Messrs. Grille, Waterfall, Gokulchand Singai, Dwarkanath Singh and Syed Hifazatalli appointed by the C. P. Legislative Council has passed the above Bill with certain modifications, and the Bill as amended by the Select Committee will come up for general discussion at the August session of the Council.

LATEST COTTON PRICES.

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau, Ismail Building Hornby Road, Fort).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

JULY.

New York, May 28.

Previous closing rate	8.59
To-days opening rate	8.47
Difference	—12
To-day's closing rate	8.59
Difference	Unchanged.

Broach Expectation F.A. Rs. 169
Broach Expectation A.M. Rs. 134.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

JULY

Liverpool, May 28.

Previous closing rate	4.77
To-day's opening rate	4.67
Difference	—.10
To-day's closing rate	4.65
Difference	—.12

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

—:o:—

London, May 28.

Silver Ready	12-9/16
Higher	3/16
Silver Forward	12-1/2
Higher	3/16
India bought.	

BOMBAY PRICES.

Bombay, May 28.

1st Settlement	42	12	0
2nd Settlement	42	6	0

"DOWN WITH THE POPE"!

—:o:—

Students Raid Catholic Club

ITALIAN TROOPS GUARD VATICAN

LONDON, May 28.

Rome.—Italian troops are guarding the approaches to the Vatican in consequence of the serious outbreaks by the anti-Catholic fascists. The police are guarding principal Catholic institutions many windows of which have been broken with sticks and stones. Hundreds of students raided the Catholic Club of St. Joachim shouting "Down with the Pope." They were ejected from there by the police after much vandalism. "The Osservatore Reomano" Vatican's organ, accuses the police of almost condoning the outrages.—Reuter.

DOCKERS' MARCH TO CITY

Civil Guard Open Fire

LONDON, May 27.

San Sebastian.—The proclamation martial law followed rioting in which three strikers were killed and thirty injured as a result of the Civil Guard firing on a crowd of dock strikers who, demanding higher wages, were attempting to advance on the city from Port Pasajes behind the protective screen of women. The Civil Guard allowed women to pass then reformed the cordon, fired and dispersed the strikers, but a few Communists succeeded in entering the city and created temporary chaos. Traffic was stopped and the factory attacked out the workers fired on the assailants, wounding several.

Troops were posted at strategic points and order restored.—Reuter.

INDIAN AIR LINER MISHAP

Not Due To Engine Trouble

LONDON, May 27.

The Indian air-liner Scipios passengers on arrival at Croydon stated that the mishap was not due to engine trouble but to the damaged wing and float. The sea was very rough. They were about to land at Candia, but found the sea exceedingly rough in the harbour and bumped thrice on the waves. The pilot throttled up and flew to Mirabella on the other side of the Islands where water was comparatively smooth. The request to don life—belts was merely precautionary. The passengers pay tribute to pilots Stocks and Wilson.—Reuter.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY

Address Of Welcome To Jawaharlal.

BANGALORE, May 27.

The Bangalore City Municipal Council has decided to present an address of welcome to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru during his visit in the first week of June.—A.P.

DERBY PROBABLES AND THEIR JOCKEYS

LONDON, May 28.

Following is the list of the Derby probable runners with their respective jockeys:—

Abbot's Worthy (Ingham); Apperley (Weston); Armagnac (Perryman); Cameronian (Freddy Fox); Carmelus (Lane); Cheery Lad (Richardson); Coldstream (Gordon Richards); Doctor Dolittle (H. Beasley); Elixir (S. Wragg); Estate Duty (Carslake); Gallivat (Taylor); Goyescas (Elliott); Grindleton (Tidey); Jacopo (Childs); Kiatere (Nolan); Knoloma (Margot); Lemonition (J. Leach); Lightning Star (Marshall); Link Boy (Steve Donoghue); Orpen (Jones); Pokerdas (Blank); Pomme D'Api (Beary); Primitif (Pat Donoghue); Reveillon (Jellis); Rose en Soleil (Turtle); Sandwich (H. Wragg); Shell Transport (Dick); Sir Andrew (P. Beasley); Spanish Main (Sharpe); Tehau (Herbert); Teruru (Balding) and Zanoff (Sirett).—Reuter.

36 Deaths In Convent Home.

CHOLERA TRAGEDY IN BANGALORE.

MEDICAL EXPERTS BUSY UNRAVELING THE MYSTERY.

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, May 28.

A terrible tragedy was enacted at the Good Shepherd Convent Missionary Home, Bangalore, where hundreds of orphans have sought shelter.

On Friday night the inmates of Saint Joseph's Class had their last meal. Two European nuns died on Saturday morning and two others were removed to Isolation Hospital and they too died. Three Indian nuns succumbed on Tuesday.

There were 36 deaths in all and 12 had distinct symptoms of cholera.

Some more are reported to be serious and medical experts are examining the cases.

40,000 VOTERS WILL TURN UP AT B. P. C. C. ELECTIONS ON SUNDAY NEXT.

200 Candidates Contest For 75 Seats.

SCAMBLE FOR OFFICE

—:o:—

On Sunday next 40,000 citizens will take part in the Congress elections. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has done the right thing in keeping the election on Sunday so that a majority of voters can go to the polling booths and exercise their right of voting. The Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. have issued a public appeal asking commercial associations and other business firms which do not close their business on Sundays to give necessary facilities to their employees to exercise their right of voting.

The contest is bound to be the keenest the B.P.C.C. had ever had in view of the fact that about 200 candidates are contesting 75 seats.

CONVEYANCES AND REFRESHMENTS FOR VOTERS.

Although the B.P.C.C. has officially deprecated and even discouraged the undue influences being brought on the voters in the form of conveyances and refreshments there is enough ground for the belief that conveyances will be freely used, possibly without the placards bearing the names of candidates.

PERSONALITIES NOT PRINCIPLES.

Of late, there has been lot of talk in the Press about the existence of parties in the Congress ranks. Closer inquiries reveal the fact that the keenness of the contest this year is not at all due to any parties but it comes from the personal ambitions of "leaders" and other Congressmen.

REAL FIGHT TO COME.

The real fight will be staged after the new Committee is composed, i.e., when the elections of the office-bearers and A.I.C.C. take place. According to reports that are current there will be a keen competition for the posts of Vice-President and Secretaries.

Out of the 7 members of the A.I.C.C. from the city, four will try to retain their seats. Messrs K. F. Nariman S. A. Brelvi, G. N. Desai and Abidali Jafferbhoy stand good chance of being returned. Among the new contestants chances are in favour of Messrs. K. M. Munshi, S. K. Patil, N. T. Master and Meherally.

Following is the list of candidates for the first five wards:—

A WARD (FORT) (5 SEATS: 15 CANDIDATES.)

Messrs. Mulraj Kersondas; Mathuradas Tricamji; Girdharlal Ladhabhai; Madhavdas Goculbhai; Lalbhai P. Patel; Ambalal Talakchand; Bhagwandas Madanji; Mohanlal Veerjee; Haridas D. Bhatia; Gulabdas Harjivandas; Sardar Thamansingh; Nardirshaw M. Karbhari; Rustomjee Elchi Dana; P. Rangaswami, and Charles Mascarenhas.

B WARD (MANDVI) (8 SEATS: 22 CANDIDATES.)

Messrs. Kasamali Mahamudali; Veerji G. Meheshri; Miss Sofia Somji; Messrs. Khimji Muljee Rathod; Mr. Davji Khimji Rathod; Mr. B. N. Meheshri; Mr. Liladhar L. Shah; Mr. Jaisingh Laxman; Dr. J. N. Choksi; Mr. Jamnadas Amarchand Gandhi; Miss. Jamnaben Velji; Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha; Mr. Narbheram M. Popat; Mr. M. K. Mehta; Mr. B. P. Shukla; Mr. Gamji Jamal Chohan; Mr. Chapsi Bharmal; Mr. Tricamji Ramji; Mr. Chaturbhuj Helji; Mr. Hasanali Kemulla; Mr. Kanji Master; and Mr. Dayalal Pradhan Chandarana.

C WARD (BHULESHWTR) (13 SEATS: 31 CANDIDATES.)

Mr. Bhhotubhai B. Shah; Mr. Jayant Dala; Mr. Indrajit Thakur; Mr. Nowroji Bamanji Pathkai; Mr. Ratanlal Radhakison; Mr. Dalpatram Pathak; Mr. Sunderrao D. Navalkar; Mr. Manibhai G. Desai; Mr. Anantrai Sanghavi; Mr. Vimal Sharma; Mr. Mukund Malaviya; Mr. Kavi Nand; Mr. Shivlal Dipchand Patwa; Mr. Shri Krishna More; Mr. K. M. Munshi; Mr. Bhogilal Compani; Mr. Umashankar Dixit; Mr. Yusuf Meherali; Mr. Jagmohan Parikh; Mr. Ganpatishanker N. Desai; Mr. Maniben Chhabildas; Mr. Nagindas Master Mr. Natwarlal Dalal; Mr. Narsidas Mehta; Mr. Motichand Girdhar Kapadia; Mr. Doulatram R. Trivedi; Mr. Ishwardas Kersondas; Mr. Vithaldas Bhagwandas Mr. Kantilal Parekh; Mr. Gajendra Desai, and Mr. Vrejlal Raichand.

D WARD (GIRGAUM) (11 SEATS: 28 CANDIDATES.)

Mrs. Perinbhen Captain; Mr. K. F. Nariman; Mr. S. A. Brelvi; Mr. R. S. Padbidri; Mr. S. K. Patil; Mr. L. B. Niphadkar; Mr. R. J. Manjrekar; Mr. R. D. Pratap; Mr. V. N. Patankar; Mr. D. S. Babrekar; Mr. B. R. Dhurandhar; Mr. D. C. Modi; Mrs. Avantibai Gokhale; Mrs. Tra; Mr. G. B. Mahashabde; Mr. Ratanbai Mehta; Mr. J. C. Ma:- P. R. Lele; Mr. S. D. Dangre; Mr. R. N. Savant; Mr. K. A. Ghurye; Mr. B. R. Munshi; Mr. Himatlal N. Shah; Mr. S. R. Badekar; Mr. G. V. Savant; Mr. D. H. Desai; Mr. J. Loazares; Mr. Abdus Salam, and Shankarrao N. Patil.

E WARD (BCCULLA) (18 SEATS: 26 CANDIDATES.)

Messrs. S. L. Silam; Messrs. D. S. Javalkar; Messrs. Purshotam Tricamdas; Messrs. K. L. Berkar; Messrs. N. V. Nakhava; Messrs. P. A. Parab; Messrs. B. B. Brijlal; Messrs. L. N. Pupala; Messrs. G. V. Kapadia; Messrs. S. K. Pupala; Messrs. R. K. Acharkar; Messrs. K. B. Kuwal; Messrs. S. H. Daru; Mr. J. Kaul; Mr. Gulamali H. Seti; Mr. Gulmohamed Khan Arju; Mr. W. K. Ajgaonkar; Mr. Hamid Ahmed; Mr. J. J. Choksi; Mr. Dostmohamed Janmohmed; Mr. S. V. Nakava; Mr. S. C. Lamge; Mr. R. R. Rasker; Mr. H. E. Edmoula; Mr. Maneklal Gandhi; and Mr. Syed Noorali.

UNHEALTHY RIVALRY.

Hunting For Office An Ugly Sign.

Mahatma Gandhi writes in "Young India":—

Whilst at Nainital I heard of rival Congress Committees in the U. P. and elsewhere. I heard too of election disputes in several places. This is a bad sign. There must be something wrong in a place where such unhealthy rivalries take place. The hunt for office in Congress Committees is also a very ugly sign. A Congress office is or should be an opportunity for service. And where service is the motive, there can be no unhealthy rivalry. A man or woman can easily do service without needing or hunting for office. Wise servants of the nation will find it more profitable to stand out than to enter into unhealthy competition. Nor need one form a separate organisation for the sake of service. Why do I, for instance, need an organisation, if I want to teach the children of my village or street, or to sweep it, or to nurse my neighbours, to carry on Khadi propaganda or to do kindred act- all of which promote national well-being and keep me going the whole?

SOVIET SYSTEM FOR INDIA.

—:o:—

Saklatvala At Cambridge Union

MOTION DEFEATED BY MAJORITY.

(From Our Correspondent).

MADRAS, May 28.

A London cable to a local newspaper says that four Universities were represented at the Cambridge Union Society last night on the motion "That India's political problems will not be solved without the establishment of Soviet system of Russian type."

Mr. S. B. Saklatvala was the leading speaker for the motion, his opponent being Mr. D. G. Obeyesekera, a Ceylonese Cambridge Boxing Blue.

The motion was defeated after an animated debate.

Mr. B.G. Horniman will preside over the Tamil Nadu Youth Conference, which will be held at Madura on June 6 and 7.

KARNATAK PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.

HUKERI, May 28.

The Sixth Karnatak Provincial Conference resumed its second days session yesterday evening under the presidenship of Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj. The Conference passed among others resolutions admiring Bhagat Singh's courage and patriotism, Endorsing the Delhi pact, urging the withdrawal of Nipani sedition case in view of the Pact, endorsing the Karachi resolution on fundamental rights and suggesting the separation of Provinces on a linguistic basis.

The meeting came to an end after the President's concluding remarks.—A.P.

JAMNALAL BAJAJ AT BELGAUM

Many Addresses Presented.

BELGAUM, May 28.

Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj, who, accompanied by "Kaka" Kaleikar, arrived here this morning from Hukeri, conferred in the afternoon with the merchants of Belgaum in connection with the boycott of foreign cloth.

Later, he was presented with addesses by the Belgaum Municipality and the District Local Board. In his joint reply, Mr. Bajaj emphasised the necessity of vigorous efforts for the removal of untouchability and the spread of Khadi, thus pushing on the constructive programme of the Congress.

Belgaum merchants are presenting him with an address to-night. A.P.

3 PASSENGERS RUN OVER.

CALCUTTA, May 27.

Three Bengali passengers when crossing the East Indian Railway line outside Chinsurah Station early this morning were run over with theis luggage and killed instantly by the Down Dinapore Express. Two others narrowly escaped death.—A.P.

NON-VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET ANCHOR.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee One

for First Sixteen Words

One Anna

For each Additional Word.

Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required. Not necessary for publication. Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number. ... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant

WANTED—A GUJARATI GRADUATE with FRENCH as his additional language in order to teach French to students of the Higher classes. The applicant, who is selected, shall also be entrusted with the teaching of other subjects at least for some years in the beginning. Apply with particulars and terms to the HEAD MASTER, Palanpur High School, Palanpur.
A 3068

WANTED—CANVASSERS in every town, Taluk and Village of India and Burma. On commission up to Rs. 200 month. Apply with stamped addressed envelope to SANJIVNI WORKS, Solan (Near Simla).
A R5112

WANTED—CANDIDATES for ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, opening at Bombay. Preparation for London City and Guilds examination. Rail fare paid. Prospectus on -/2/- stamps—TECHNICAL INSTITUTE OF INDIA, LTD., Delhi.
A R5070

CANVASSERS—For securing business in tea trade on decent terms are required in all principal towns. Apply for prospectus to the Anglo-Burma Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam.
A R5108

WANTED—A good CHIEF AGENT, man of character and he will be paid well. Representation available in Sind and Baluchistan. Apply Box No. 951, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 3056

WANTED—TRAVELLING ORGANISERS for Swadeshi Hand Woven Cloth. Pay Rs. 50/- plus T. A. Cash Security Rs. 100/- essential. For terms apply with anna stamp. M. S. MANMOHAN KUMAR, Mazagaon, Bombay.
R50

Profession

CONSULT MAHMOUD BEY, Egyptian Spiritualist, Taj Mahal Hotel Room No. 203. For five Rupees he will answer three questions written by you on paper, you will receive written answers in a wonderful manner on your paper while retained in your possession with correct predictions.
P

YOUR CLAIMS will be RECOVERED and DECREES EXECUTED from Outstations and Native States. Write Post 526, G. P. O, Bombay.
P R5127

Trade Announcement.

WANTED—By a respectable firm, AGENCIES of Indian manufacturers. Good Bank reference. Apply with terms to Box No. 961, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R5128

STOCKISTS.—Desirous of having finest Nilgiri Teas and wishing to represent agency may apply for terms to the ANGLO BURMA TEA COMPANY, Mettupalaiyam.
T R5108A

UNPRECEDENTED Boons offered by a purely Swadeshi Life Office to influential and BONA FIDE Life Insurance Producers and Organisers. Gentlemen offering cash security and fidelity Bonds preferred. Apply with fullest particulars to Box No. 950 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
T 3053

Houses & Flats To Let

TO LET—3rd Floor in 189/191, Hornby Road, Fort, for particulars. Apply owner at 35/37, Ratan Huse, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.
C R5117

KHAR LUCKY VILLA, 15th Road, TO LET. Independent Bungalow, Hall, 4 Bed rooms, verandhas, kitchen, store room, large open terrace and garden. Rent Rs. 90/-. Apply M. SAMSON, Girgaum Terraces, Block C, Girgaum.
C R5115

GARRAGES (independent available soon in Hashmat Mehel, Chawpatty seaface, near Sandhurst Bridge. Rent Rs. 15/-. Apply AGENT.
C R5132

Fruits, Flower & Seeds

ADVANCE ESSENTIAL.—Biggest Langra, Bombay, Kishenbhog Mangoes 100 Rs. 12. Rose Lichi 500 Rs. 4. Expenses extra. Grafts Catalogue free. Director, Horticultural Works, No. 8, Darbhanga.
F R5118

Loan

WANTED—STAND MEMBERS 10 per cent commission. Benefits and Loans granted. Apply MERCANTILE BENEFIT CLUB, Gampola, Ceylon.
L R5133

PARTNER WANTED for Contractors Office with capital of Rs. 3,000/-. Monthly remuneration Rs. 100/- plus profits over Rs. 8,000/- yearly. Apply Box No. 960, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
L R5126

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 6-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

THE POONA ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the POONA ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 8th day of June, 1931, at 4-45 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1930.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of Mr. S. G. Forbes as an additional Director.
4. To elect Directors in place of Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, Bart., and Mr. S. N. Gamadia, who retire by rotation but who are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business that may be brought forward.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 8th day of June, 1931 to the 16th day of June, 1931 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
THE UNITED EASTERN AGENCIES, LTD.,
Managing Agents,
P. J. KANGA,
Secretary.

Bombay, dated this 8th day of May, 1931.

N. B.—Dividend, if confirmed by the shareholders, as recommended by the Directors, will be paid on and after 22nd day of June, 1931.
3066.

Public Notices

ORIENTAL GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the LOSS of Policy numbered 101577 on the life of Bankatsing Subhansing Bayas of Sholapur, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.
H. E. JONES,
Manager.
Bombay, 28-5-31.
R5137

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd June, 1931, that day being a Public Holiday (KING'S BIRTHDAY), under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
J. G. RIDLAND.
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 23rd May, 1931.
3055

THE ASSUR VEERJEE MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

RE: MEETING OF DEBENTURE-HOLDERS OF THE ASSUR VEERJEE MILLS, LTD., TO BE HELD ON 1ST JUNE 1931.

Every Debenture-holder of the Assur Veerjee Mills, Ltd., attending the above Meeting is requested to bring his debenture or debentures with him as otherwise his right to attend as Debenture-holder and to vote cannot be recognised and the extent of his voting right cannot be ascertained.
For The Assur Veerjee Mills, Ltd.,
H. F. COMMISSARIAT & CO.,
Agents.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. ODHAVJI LAKHAMSEY is the brother of the deceased Haribhai Lakhamsey, who died intestate on or about the 11th day of May, 1931, leaving our client as his only heir and legal representative and leaving some property. Our client and the deceased were living separate in food and estate for over 30 years. NOW NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim as creditors or otherwise against the estate of the deceased Haribhai Lakhamsey are hereby required to intimate their claims and produce a document, if any, in their possession in support thereof to the undersigned within 20 days from the date hereof, otherwise after the said period our client will distribute whatever estate of the deceased has come to his hands amongst the notified creditors of the deceased.

Dated this 28th day of May, 1931.

Messrs. PATHARE & LILADHAR,
Attorneys for
Mr. Odhavji Lakhamsey.
3065

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Succession Certificate in respect of amount in the Bank of India Ltd. belonging to Shesmal Nawalchand of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant a Shroff residing at Lower Colaba within the Fort of Bombay .....Deceased.
VORIDAS SHESMAL of Bombay Marwari Hindu Inhabitant a merchant residing at Lower Colaba within the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Succession Certificate.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty sixth day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty one and in the twenty-second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

E. FAHEY.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

H. A. VAKIL.

26th day of May, 1931.
Messrs. PATHARE & LILADHAR,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
3071

Amusements.

THE EXCELSIOR
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 u. m.
ALL-TALKING COMEDY
CHECK AND DOUBLE CHECK
Featuring
AMOS AND ANDY

THE EMPIRE
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 u. m.
The Fascinating Love Drama
THE BAD ONE
Featuring
DOLORES DEL RIO and EDMUND LOWE

THE EMPRESS
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 u. m.
The "Beau Geste" of the Air
THE DAWN PATROL
Featuring RICHARD BARTHEL MESS, DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS Jr. and all star cast

OPERA HOUSE
4-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m,
DOMESTIC TROUBLES
Featuring
CLYDE COOK, LOUISE FAZENDA
How to be happy though married

SPECIAL MATINEE TO-DAY AT 4 P. M.
THE CAPITOL To-day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
THE DRAMA OF THE DECADE.....THE TALKING SCREEN'S MOST SMASHING HIT.....A SENSATION OF SENSATIONS!
JOAN CRAWFORD IN PAID
BASED ON THE FAMOUS BAYARD VEILLER PLAY
"WITHIN THE LAW"
SHE WANTED REVENGE BUT ROMANCE CAME FIRST!

New Play "LADHAI NANTAR" by Mr. B. V. Warerkar, will shortly be staged.

V. B. PENDHARKAR
Presents on
FRIDAY 29th May at 3 P.M.
(Matinee Show)
SHREE
SATURDAY 30th May at 9 P.M.
SUNDAY 31st May at 3-30 P.M.
N. G. KAMATNURKAR'S
New Play **SAJJAN** New Play
Grant Road: ELPHINSTONE THEATRE
LALITKALADARSHA

TO-DAY SPECIAL MATINEE AT 4 P. M.
RIALTO TALKIES TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
AN ALL TALKING, ALL SINGING ROMANCE REPLETE WITH THRILLS, MELODY, LAUGHTER AND ALLURING WOMEN.

Starring
FIFY DORSAY & J. HAROLD MURRAY
Seven New DELIGHTFUL Song Hits.
WESTERN ELECTRIC TALKIE EQUIPMENT.

PATHE
TO-DAY ONLY
4, 6-30 AND 10.
SPECIAL HOLIDAY PROGRAMME
FRED SCOTT
AND
HELEN TWELVETREES
IN
GRAND PARADE GRAND PARADE
ALL TALKING SINGING DANCING
Poignant Love Romance of a Singing Minstrel and the Girl who helped him to redeem himself.
Minstrelsy with its Glittering Pageantry and Wondrous Parade.
And
MICKEY MOUSE
In
BIRTHDAY PARTY

FROM SATURDAY MAY 30.
THRILLING INDIAN SOCIAL DRAMA
Krishnatone's Super Production
GHAR-KI-LUKSHAMI
OR
THE WIFE
Sparkling Dialogue—Melodious songs Gorgeous Dances—Moving Scenes.
The undying Love of an Indian Wife reclaiming her degenerate husband from a Harlot's den.
Featuring Miss RAMPYARI, Miss SARDAR and GAZNAVI.
SEE AND HEAR AT
GLOBE TALKIES
BOMBAY'S UP-TO-DATE TALKIE HOUSE
Sandhurst Road.

PATHE
TOMORROW
If Your Nerves are O. K.
GO AND SEE
7 FOOT PRINTS TO SATAN
The Biggest Thriller ever Screened
See SATANS HAREM of Beauties And His Chamber of Horrors.

WESTERN INDIA
Life Insurance Co., Ltd.,
SATARA
Fifth Valuation Out
New BONUS per thousand per Annum.
Endowment Rs. 20
and
Whole Life Rs. 25/-
No other Company of the same age in India can show equal results.
For Agency and other particulars please apply:
MANAGING DIRECTOR.

EARN Rs. 300 A MONTH
By Learning Practically or by Post from Factory Experts and Graduates, those varieties of best and cheapest Soaps (Even Rs. 3/8 per 52 pounds) which are so highly praised by Judges, Magistrates, Chairmans, etc. Many Soap Teachers and Factory Proprietors of India, Burma and Ceylon are our pupils. Ten times fee refunded if failure. Detail free from:—
SOAP TRAINING HOUSE,
(Regd. by India Govt.)
Saidpur (Rangpur), BENGAL

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SAYED ABDUL KADAR EDROOS and FATMABIBI alias CHHOTIBIBI, wife of the said Sayed Abdul Kadar Edroos have contracted with our client for the absolute sale to her free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 38, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land containing an area of 809 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 37 of the Sandhurst Road (West) Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the City and Island and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, District Bombay, bounded on the East by the Charni Road, on the South by Plot No. 40 of the said estate leased to Jagmohandas Vandravandas, on the West by Plot No. 36 and 38 of the said estate leased to Kanji Gokaldas and Keshavlal Kahandas respectively and on the North by Plot No. 35 of the said estate leased to the Vendors which piece of land forms portion of lands bearing new Survey No. 7395 and Cadastral Survey No. 1289, Girgaum Division together with the building thereon consisting of a ground floor and three upper floors assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 1786 (2) and Street Nos. 112 to 122 and are in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 25th day of May 1931

B. V. KHANDWALLA,
For Messrs. Thakoredas & Co.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3070

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2049 of 1930.

KESHAV DHONDDEO BHAGWAT, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Girgaum, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
GANESH ANANT PARANJPYE, of Kudchi, Hindu Inhabitant, residing and carrying on business at Kudchi in the Belgaum District. .....Defendant.

To,
The abovenamed Ganesh Anant Paranjpye,

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, etc.,

The abovenamed KESHAV DHONDDEO BHAGWAT has filed this suit as a Short Cause on 24th September, 1930, against you to recover from you the sum of Rupees 10,551/- with interest at 8 annas per cent per month from 19th October, 1929, till payment and costs of and incidental to this suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent till payment. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on 17th June, 1931, at 11-15 o'clock (S.T.) in the forenoon in person or by an Advocate (O. S.) duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court, who shall be able to answer all material questions relating to the above suit. As this day has been appointed for final disposal of the suit, you must bring all your witnesses and the documents on which you rely for defending the same, and you are hereby given notice that in case of your non-appearance the suit will be heard and determined in your absence ex-parte.

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 30th day of September 1930.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

H. A. VAKIL.
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

The 30th day of September 1930.
Messrs. BHAGWAT & CO.
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
3064

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Moharrum: — Ashura, Banks closed.

Nadkarni Cup Football, Final Co-operage, 5-45 p.m.

S. S. Cathay with English mails of May 14 due at 9 a.m.

SATURDAY, May 30.

Results of Matriculation Examination, University Hall, 2 p.m.

Harwood League Football, Dukes vs. E. Lancs., Co-operage, 5-45 p.m.

S. S. Malwa with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RAIDO PROGRAMME.

1-45 p.m.—A sponsored programme hour by H. M. V. Gramophone Co., Ld.

7 p.m.—Girjabai's vocal music.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

DEATH.

TALEYARKHAN—Maneckshah, the only son of Mr. Cawashah Maneckshah Taleyarkhan, Advocate, died at his residence, Khetwadi 12th Lane on 27th May. Aged 8.

FEATS IN "DHANURVIDYA."

An exhibition of feats in "Dhanurvidya" will be given, by Sjt. Raghunath Khanvilkar of Amroti Hanuman Vyayam Mandir, in Dhuru Hall Dadar to-day (Friday) at 7-30 P.M. when you are requested to attend. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh will preside.

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNITY CLUB.

All the members of the Indian Women's Unity Club who wish to do any sort of social work, should come to the club on Monday (June 1st) at 4 o'clock when details of the work to be done will be discussed.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The outward P. & O. Mail Steamer "Rawalpindi" with the mails from London of the 21st instant arrived at Port Said at 7 A.M. on the 27th instant and left there at 2-30 P.M. the same day.

The P. & O. Mail Steamer "Maloja" with the Mails from Bombay of 23rd instant arrived at Aden at 4-30 P.M. on the 27th instant and left there at 9-30 P.M. the same day.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Sumatra Maru" left Moji for Bombay on May 27 and is due to arrive on June 24 via usual ports.

BARDOLI PEASANTS AND TRUCE

Under the auspices of the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at Bhuleshwar, Kumbhar Tukda, when prominent leaders and B. P. C. C. Candidates will speak on "Bardoli Peasants and Truce Terms".

DUTY OF KHOJA YOUTHS.

Under the auspices of The Khoja Shia Ishna-Ashri Volunteer Corps and Library, Maulana Syed Mahomed Zedi will speak on "Duty of Khoja Youths" tomorrow (Saturday) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Library's hall Samuel Street, when Mr. Hoosainbhoy A. Laljee will preside."

Death From Fall From Train.

An upcountry Hindu named Sital Aher Pardeshi, aged 30 years, fell down near the Elphinstone Bridge while travelling in the B. B. & C. I. at 12-27 in the noon on Thursday. Death was instantaneous.

MOHARRUM IN BOMBAY.

Sermons By Eminent Divines.

Devotional sermons on the life of Imam Hussein, the grandson of Prophet Mamomed and the hero of Karbala delivered by Muslim divines marked the observance of the 10th night of Moharrum in Bombay on Thursday.

More than 80 mejlises where thousands of devout Muslims thronged for the last ten nights to listen to Maulvis, more than a dozen of whom had come to Bombay from Northern India, were organised this year. The more prominent of them were the one at Khadak and the other at Dongri. The latter was addressed by Maulvi Mahomed of Delhi. Loud speakers were installed in the huge pandal and there were special arrangements for "pardah" ladies.

The absence of prominent divines like Maulana Ahmed Sayeed of Delhi and Maulana Abdul Majid of Budaun was keely felt. The former who is the Secretary of the Jamiat-ul-Ulma Hind, it will be recalled, addressed huge gatherings last year at Khadak. This year he could not come due to ill-health.

A very large number of "sabeels" was also one of the usual features of Moharrum.

There is also a good number of "tajias" or "taboots" which will be immersed to-day (Friday) which is the "Ashura" or the 10th Day of Moharrum on which Imam Hussein laid down his life in the historic fight at Karbala.

CHIRNER FIRING CASE.

Medical Officer Cross-Examined.

DESCRIPTION OF VICTIMS' INJURIES.

Shankar Ranoji Jadhav, the Medical Officer in charge of the Panvel dispensary who held post mortem examinations on the dead bodies found at Chirner after the tragic events of September 25 who gave evidence for the prosecution on Wednesday was subjected to a severe cross examination by Mr. R. P. Karandikar defence pleader at the resumed hearing of the case on Thursday before Mr. B. N. Sanjana the Sessions Judge at Thana.

Replying to Mr. Pradhan, the Public Prosecutor, the witness deposed that the injuries to the body Death in his case must have been caused by a sharp and heavy weapon. There was a large wound on his head extending upto the ear.

In the case of Tawte his jaw was broken and there was also an injury to his chin. On the left side of his head there was a wound 3 1/2" in length. The bone had broken into more than two pieces and his brain had come out. It must have been caused by a hard and blunt weapon. It might be caused even by a lathi or stone.

BROKEN RIBS AND BONES.

Shevde the Forest Guard had a wound at the back of his arm. The bone of his arm was broken and had come out. There was another wound on the back. His fourth and fifth ribs were broken. The broken ribs were thrust in the lungs and had caused a wound there. Death must have been caused by the injury to the lungs.

Cross examined by Mr. Karandikar witness said that he got the Panchnama of Kadam on September 28. There were three injuries mentioned in the Panchnama, but in his inquest report, the witness had mentioned only two injuries. One injury to the right hand palm was not mentioned in his report.

Asked as to what he ought to do in case the injuries that he found on the body of the person differed from those mentioned in the Panchnama witness said in that case, his duty was to send for the Magistrate and get another Panchnama. But he did not do so, in that case as the injury to the palm was a "trifling" one. Subsequently the witness said that he considered the injury to the palm "trifling" compared to other injuries received by the same man.

HOLES IN COAT.

After a series of questions regarding the injuries received by Kadam and others the witness was shown the coat of deceased Shevde and asked how the coat happened to have several holes and rents. Witness said that they might have been caused while the coat was removed from the body of the deceased.

Are you in any way responsible for it?——No.

Did you examine the coat before you uncovered the body?—Yes.

Did you discover any holes or rents on the coat corresponding to the injuries on the body?——No.

Was there a rent on the left arm of the coat?—No.

How do you think the wound on the arm must have been caused?

It must have been caused by a hard and blunt weapon.

Will you see that there is a big rent on the left sleeve of the coat. Does it correspond to the wound? —No it does not correspond to the wound.

Further hearing was adjourned till Friday.

KANARA POLITICAL SUFFERERS' FUND.

The adjourned General meeting of the donors and subscribers of the above Fund will be held at Ambewadi on Sunday, the 31st May 1931 at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

THE SPIRITUAL LIFE.

Swami Vishwananda of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on "The Spiritual Life versus Formal Religion" in English at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Hall, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Fort, on Saturday next at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The Swami will also conduct another public class in English at the Anandilalal Poddar School Santacruz, the next day (Sunday) on Bhagawat at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

INDIAN STATES' PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE.

The working committee of the Reception Committee of the Indian States' People's Conference was held in the Office on Thursday. It was decided to fix the dates finally as 9th and 10th of June, in view of the meeting of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, in Bombay on the 9th June.

The Conference will open at 5-30 p.m. in the evening on the 9th. The composition of the Subjects Committee was decided in the meeting.

CONGRESS & COMMUNALISTS.

Mahatmaji's Warning

Mahatma Gandhi writes in 'Young India":—

A correspondent asks whether a Congressman who openly identifies himself with communal conferences and other communal propaganda can hold any office under the Congress organisation.

I do not think there is any rule prohibiting the election of any Congressman to any office because of his communalism. But if the Congress is to remain a purely national organisation, and is to be absolutely just to all and guardian of weak minorities, Congressmen will never elect those who are known for their communal bias or tendency.

ALLEGED VICTIMISATION OF LABOUR LEADERS

Reduction In B. B. & C. I. Workshop

A correspondent writes:—

"About 150 workers of the Parel Workshops of the B. B. and C. I. Railway have been served with notices terminating their services within 24 hours. There is great excitement and unrest in the workshop area. It is alleged that prominent workers of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Employees' Union are victimised. One of them is Mr. Marcel Fernandes, a prominent Labour leader coming from the ranks of the workers. Mr. Marcel Fernandez is well-known in Trade Union circles, and he has taken a leading part in the All-India Railwaymen's Federation meetings, and the All-India Trade Union Congress, for the last 6 years. His activities in the famous dispute of Dohad transfer and other Union activities have evidently brought down wrath of the authorities. The workers are faced with terrible hardships. It is greatly regrettable that the administration should show such step-motherly attitude to the interest of the working class."

NEW ENGLISH MONTHLY

"Investors' Review of Reviews"

Mr. Chhotalal Morarji, having his office at 32 Apollo Street, Bombay, filed a declaration before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday as the Editor of "Investors' Review of Reviews," a new English monthly journal for discussing problems such as Banking, Industry, Shipping and Insurance and provide statistics relating to the same.

"TIMES OF INDIA" SUED.

Amritlal Sheth Claims Damages Of Rs. 35,000

Sjt. Amritlal D. Sheth, Editor, "Sourashtra," and president Dhandhuka Taluka Congress Committee filed to-day in the High Court Bombay two suits for defamation against 'Times of India' claiming damages of Rs. 10,000 in the first suit in which the 'Times of India' is charged with having defamed him in regard to the administration of Satyagrah funds in Dhandhuka Taluka, in Ahmadabad District.

In the second suit he claims damages of Rs. 25,000 for publishing a speech of the Jam Saheb of Navanagar, wherein reference to Sjt. Sheth was made which he considers defamatory.

LABOUR LEADER ON TRIAL.

Messrs. T. Shaik, a leader of the Girni Kamgar Union, and Dhondu Bhiku a worker, who were arrested on May 19 before the gate of the Khatau Mill were placed before Mr. Brown, Presidency Magistrate yesterday.

The case was postponed to the June 26 on the application of the defence pleader.

They are charged with being members of an unlawful assembly, rioting and causing grievous hurt. The accused are on bail.

Mr. V. B. Karnik, appeared for both the accused.

ALL-INDIA KHILAFAT CONFERENCE.

Mr. Shaukatali writes: —

All arrangements for the All-India Khilafat Conference, The All-India Muslim Volunteer Corps Conference and the All-India Muslim Youth League Conference are being completed.

Maulana Majid Kadri arrives to-day (Friday). Mr. Shahid Saharwardi arrived by the Nagpur Mail on the 28th morning. Mr. Yasin Noori would arrive on Saturday morning by the Kathiawar Mail. Begum Mohammad Ali also arrives to-day (Friday).

On the 30th inst. at 4 p.m all the three Presidents would be taken in procession from Khilafat House through Muslim quarters to the pandal accompanied by all the Volunteer Corps and their bands and banners.

May 30 and 31 and June 1 and 2, have been fixed for all the three conferences. Guests have begun to arrive.

ALLEGATIONS OF INCITEMENT AND KIDNAPPING

The story of a Hindu woman who left her home and husband and embraced Islam with a view to marry a Muslim was revealed in a complaint filed by Vaikunthlal Ishwarlal Munim, a salesman residing at Walkeshwar, Bombay, before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court.

The complainant in this case has charged Dawood M. Narsi, a Muslim, with enticing away his 25-year old wife named Hasumati. He has also charged Hasumati and his two brothers named Ramniklal and Harshad Munim with kidnapping and abetment of his two children.

NOTICES AGAINST ACCUSED.

The Magistrate has issued notices against the accused in this case.

When the case was called out Mr. C. N. Kanuga, who appeared for the complainant applied for the postponement of the case, as notices had not been served on some of the accused. The case was, therefore, adjourned to June 25.

PRABHAT PHERIES AND GANDHIJI'S DARSHAN

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Akhil Bharat Prabhat Phery Sangh was held at the Congress House on Wednesday, when Sjt. K.F. Nariman presided.

It was decided that to revive the activities of all Prabhat Pheries in Bombay, a general rally of all Prabhat Pheries be held on Chowpatty Sands on the day or the day following Mahatmaji's arrival in Bombay for meeting of the Working Committee.

A procession should be then started led by Sjt. K. F. Nariman and other leaders of the Working Committee then in Bombay and after passing through Gamdevi and having a 'darshan' of Mahatmaji at his residence reach Congress House, after passing through different localities. A Flag-salutation ceremony will then be performed at the Congress House and speeches will be delivered by Sjt. Nariman and other leaders on "Importance of activities of the Prabhat Pheries." Additional programme of the above will be published later on.

Any Prabhat Phery Mandal wishing to enrol itself with the Sangh should immediately register, with the Secretaries A.B.P.P. Sangh, Congress House, Bombay.

"G" WARD D. C. C.

Annual meeting of this committee will be held on Sunday (7-6-31 at 8 p.m. in Dhuru Hall, Dadar.

MONEY MARKETS

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 28.

B C Rate T T 1/5 25/32
B C Rate D D 1/5 13/16
LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 13/16 May
Banks Selling D D 1/5 13/16.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 25/32 20th June.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 27/32.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 7/8
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 two Mails.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/5 31/32 12th June Mid. July.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/5 15/16 Mid. July Mid. Aug.
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 277 1/4
Banks Selling T T 277-1/4.
Banks Buying T T 276 1/4
PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 913
Banks Buying D D 930
Banks Buying 3 Mos 938
JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 137.
Banks Buying 60 days 135.
HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 64-5/8.
SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 79-1/2.
SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 156-1/4.
JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 89 3/4.
CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.86 13/32 27th instant.
Shanghai London 1/2 1/16 28th instant.
Japan London 2/0 3/8 27th instant.
London Paris 124.25 27th instant.
London Belgium 24.92 27th instant.
London Switzerland 25.16 27th instant.
London Italy 92.90 27th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet, Easy.
Gold £4/4/11 26th instant, £4/4/9 3/4 27th instant.
Silver London Ready 12 1/2 26th instant; £12 3/8 27th instant.
Silver London Forward 12 7/16 26th instant; 12 5/8 27th instant.
Silver New York Ready 27 26th instant; 26 3/4 27th instant.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 2 1/32 p.c. 26th instant; 2 1/16 p.c. 27th instant.
London Discounts 6 Mcs. 2 3/13 p.c. 26th instant; 2 3/16 p.c. 27th instant.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2-1/2 p.c.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 4-1/2 p.c. 3 Mos. 4-1/2 p.c. 6 Mos. 4 p.c.
Tone:—Quiet.

SHIPPING

ARRIVAL.

May 28.

India, Gazanno, Genoa.

DEPARTURES.

May 29.

Silverelm, Irwin, New York.
Borneo Maru, Asow, Kobe.
Tumatsu Maru, Hanje, Kobe.
Khosrou, Beattie Mauritius.
Vasna, Hall, Busrah.

LOADING.

May 23.

Steamer Varsova for Busrah.
Steamer Badarpur for Rangoon.
Steamer Cracovia for Trieste.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Cathay:—The P & O S N Coy's English mail steamer Cathay, is expected to arrive here to-day from London at about (9 a.m.) with the outward mails of the 14th inst., a general cargo and 91 passengers.

S S India: —The M Italiana steamer India arrived in harbour yesterday from Genoa, with a general cargo.

S S Silverelm:—The Volkart Bros steamer Silverelm, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for New York with a general cargo.

S S Borneo Maru:—The O S K steamer Borneo Maru will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Tasmania Maru:—The O S K steamer Tasmania Maru will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Khosrou:—The T M Coy's steamer Khosrou will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Mauritius via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Vasna:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Vasna will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Busrah with a general cargo and passengers.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, May 23.

S S Trentbank; Agents: F F Campbell & Co; from New York: —120 cases machinery parts, 136 cases cotton remnants, 160 cases Q oats, 442 cases tyres, 130 cases Flake litharge, 25 cases lamps, 75 cases old clothing, 530 cases springs, 800 cases newspapers, 164 cases medicine, 50 cases cement, 99 cases cud fruits, 50 cases baking powder, 102 cases scrap leather, 123 cases motor cars, 79 cases auto parts, 100 barrels asphalt shingles, 149 drums chemicals, 365 drums lubricating grease, 3109 drums lubricating oil, 60 drums petroleum jelly, and 40 drums turpentine.

From Port Said:—35 bales cotton.

S S Yomagata Maru; Agents N Y Kaisha Ltd; from Nagoya:—20 cases tiles, 135 cases porcelainware, 200 cases boxes, 257 cases cotton shirting, and 135 cases glassware.

From Osaka:—421 cases glassware, 20 cases cotton yarn, 137 cases cotton shirting, 194 cases brassware, 45 cases cotton jeans and 60 cases silk yarn.

From Kobe:—150 cases cotton shirting, 130 cases canvas shoes, 43 cases cotton drill and 698 cases straw boards.

From Yokonama:—49 cases rayon and cotton mixed piece-goods.

From San Francisco:—200 bales cotton.

From Los Angeles:—200 bales cotton.

From Moji:—707 cases beer, 2100 cases cement and 25 cases vegetable wax.

From Hongkong:—27 cases galanzol and 25 cases silk piece-goods.

From Singapore:—25 cases galanzol, 80 bags damar batu, 823 bags rattan, 3019 bags sago flour, and 657 bags betelnuts.

From Colombo:—70 bags tea and 28 bundles rubber sheets.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, May 28.

S S Malwa, for London:—25 bales Kapok cotton, B P & Hayley Ltd; 16 bales animal skin, L Hassam; 2 bales animal skin, Punjab National Bank Co; 1 bale woollen carpets, M M & Co; 11 cases bristles, B P & Hayley Ltd; 2000 cwts linseed oil cakes, Habib & Sons; and 1000 cwts linseed oil cakes, K M Nathoo.

For Marsellies:—1000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

S S Durenda, for London:—2000 cwts groundnut oil cakes, Habib & Sons; 5000 cwts linseed oil cakes and 1050 cwts groundnut oil cakes, J Growers & Sons.

For Dunkirk:—100 bales cottonfly, Chimanlal & Sons; 110 bales cotton raw, T Products, Ltd; and 220 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.

For Hull:—2100 cwts groundnut oil cakes, J Trowers & Sons.

S S Neuenfels, for Hamburg:—200 cwts turmeric, S M Rajgor & Co; 6000 cwts groundnut oil cakes, H V Oomerbhoy; 282 cwts gum karoya, N Moolji & Co; 7 cases dry casings, A D Meyer; 305 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo; 55 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co; 165 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co; 55 bales cotton raw, E Spinner & Co and 187 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp:—510 cwts karoi seed, Ishwardas & Co; 376 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Rotterdam:—2000 cwts linseed oil cakes and 4000 cwts groundnut oil cakes, H V Oomerbhoy.

For Bremen:—63 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co; 120 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Ghent:—120 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 550 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.

For New York:—210 cwts gum RANA'S—1 THURS: MAY 28TH. karoya, N Moolji & Co.

For Trinidad:—200 cwts groundnuts, H V Oomerbhoy.

C/o Worcester, for Liverpool:—2102 cwts myrabollum, P M Mathradas & Co; 100 bales wool raw W T Suren.

For Boston:—163 bales wool, J Narain & Co; 30 bales wool, L B & Stedman; 64 bales wool, Cox & Kings Ltd.

For Toronto:—5 cases brassware Cox & Kings Ltd.

For New York:—401 cwts gum karoya and 501 cwts flea seed, E Virji & Co.

S S Silverelm, for Marseilles:—150 cwts apricot kernals, K Harjivan & Co; 190 cwts apricot kernals and 30 cwts hinna powder, S M Rajgor & Co.

For Alexandretta:—27 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Tripoli:—15 bales cotton yarn, A H Diab.

S S Cracovia, for Trieste:—2000 cwts groundnuts, Strauss & Co.

S S Shunko Maru, for Kobe:—300 bales cotton raw, Birla Bros; 1000 bales cotton raw, M Amersey & Co.

For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

S S Tattori Maru, for Osaka:—100 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ltd; 400 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Kobe:—100 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd; 50 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Shanghai:—1000 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ltd; 1400 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 1500 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton raw, M Amersey & Co.

S S Tamatsu Maru, for Osaka:—600 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha, Ltd.

S S Tasmania Maru, for Osaka:—300 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Moji:—200 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Kobe:—1500 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Nagoya:—100 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokkaichi:—200 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ltd.

Bombay, May 28.

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Silver, Ready	42	10	0
Silver, 1st Settlement	42	9	0
Silver, 2nd Settlement	42	1	0

A Spiritualist Gathering.

A gathering of the members and sympathisers of the Indian Spiritualist Society, was held on Saturday evening at Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's place. Mr. V. D. Rishi thanked Mr. Jamnadas, the President of the Society, for his interest and courage of conviction. He narrated the experiences obtained through automatic writing, trance and other ways, and refuted the view about the alleged disturbance of the dead. It was pointed out that there was no evidence in support of the contention and all the experiences obtained in the spiritualist seances showed that our departed friends were much eager to communicate with us.

Mr. Jamnadas, appreciated the services of Mr. Rishi in this cause, and asked him to invite the next International Spiritualist Congress to Bombay in 1934. He appealed for funds to enable Mr. and Mrs. Rishi to attend the forthcoming Spiritual Congress at the Hague.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1931.

OFFICIALDOM AND THE TRUCE

—:o:—

The report is very encouraging that Mahatma Gandhi has offered to go to London at short notice even if no communal settlement is reached previously, provided there is a satisfactory observance of truce terms. Only, in the absence of a communal settlement, even in London, he would merely explain the Congress position to the British Government without taking part in the proceedings of the Round Table Conference. Gandhiji's preparedness to go to London even in the absence of a communal settlement will in no way prejudice the chances of such a settlement in India. Far from it, it may on the whole improve the chances of a settlement in India or England, though it may conceivably cause some further delay in the matter. It will turn the tables against the reactionaries in India and Britain who have been attempting to hold up the work of the Conference by preventing a communal settlement. Once Gandhiji starts direct negotiations with His Majesty's Government, it would be a matter of detail, however important, what precisely would be his position in the Conference.

It is to be noted, however, that Gandhiji's readiness to go to London at short notice is made conditional on the satisfactory observance of truce terms by all the Provincial Governments. Which particular local authorities have failed to observe the terms adequately and in what way Gandhiji has studiously refrained from discussing publicly in the papers or on the platform. But it seems that his self-restraint is being sorely tried by the petty authorities in the Bardoli Taluka. Gandhiji has shown in "Young India" by quoting figure abundantly that the Bardoli peasants, considering the enormous suffering they have gone through, have most loyally carried out their obligations under the Delhi Pact and have striven their very beest to pay up the land revenue due from them. Only callous, malevolent anti-Congress critics would say in spite of the impressive figures quoted by Gandhiji that there is in Bardoli an increasing reluctance to pay up even when payment is possible, and an increasing resentment against authority. However it seems that on Gandhiji's departure from Bardoli to Simla, several notices were issued on peasants in Bardoli under the Land Revenue Code calling upon them to pay up land revenue on pain of coercive measures being adopted. Gandhiji himself, on his return to Bardoli, has ascertained that the payment of land revenue by the Bardoli peasants has continued quite satisfactorily and that the local workers are persuading all those that can pay to pay as much and as early as possible. Only official and semi-official Shylocks would insist that the peasants must somehow pay up all that is demanded even when they cannot do so without beggaring themselves. We share Gandhiji's hope that the notices will not be enforced by the authorities. But, it is reported, Gandhiji would regard their enforcement as a breach of the Delhi settlement. There is nothing impossible in the report, and if a fresh crisis crops up, neither Gandhiji nor Vallabhbhai nor the Bardoli peasants are the persons to submit subserviently to the Shylock policy.

The question then arises whether in the event of coercion in Bardoli Gandhiji will attend the Round Table Conference. It seems all but certain that if the coercion is on any large scale or if it involves any question of principle, Gandhiji will stand by the peasants and lead them, as in honour bound by the Settlement. If otherwise, if the hitches in Bardoli are minor ones, it seems probable and it is at any rate highly desirable that Gandhiji should leave them in the hands of his trusty Sardar, the Congress President. All now sincerely desire that it should be possible for the Congress to attend the Round Table Conference and assert itself there. But Congressmen do not accept the contention that they should send their representative to the Conference under any circumstances. Mr. Vithalbhai Patel, who is now in London and who is very keen about Gandhiji attending the Conference, is reported to have expressed the view that, if the Tory leaders insist upon Gandhiji accepting the proposed safeguards before his attending the Conference, he should rather not attend the Conference than accept the safeguards in advance. But Gandhiji need not and will not care what the Tories wish. It would, however, be risky for him to leave India for London in the present circumstances without a re-assurance that the so-called accepted safeguards are open to reconsideration. The Congress cannot tolerate any repudiation of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact or accept any settlement incompatible with the Congress goal.

THE WRONG METHOD

The General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation has, at last, received a reply from the Government of India, Department of Industries and Labour, regarding the Federation's urgent request for the appointment of a Conciliation Board. The request is turned down. A valuable opportunity has thus been missed by the Simla Olympians in winning over the organised Railwaymen to a policy of retrenchment, the necessity of which the railway employees have not, in regard to certain departments, questioned. Their quarrel is that while the numerous small poppies are ruthlessly cut down, the tall ones are allowed to grow in luxuriance. From all the railwaymen's organisations for the major railway systems pour out complaints about victimisation and callous indifference to the needs of the low-paid staff whom the axing policy chiefly affects.

How reasonable the railwaymen in their attitude and demands have been, can be seen from the following analysis of the retrenchment situation on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, which Mr. Giri the President of the M.S.M. Rly. Union, makes in a long statement he has sent to the Press. He says:—

"It was after great deliberation at the Annual Conference of the Union, held in April last, at Bangalore, that the General Body of Members of the Union decided that the Railway should explore every avenue for curtailment of expenditure before considering adverse measures against the staff by an investigation through an open and impartial enquiry by a Board consisting of both Railway and Union representatives to go into the question of the necessity for, extent of, and manner in which Retrenchment has to be carried. The Conference also emphasize the necessity of all sections of employees from top to bottom including the Agent and the Officers of the Railway bearing proportionately the burden of retrenchment without putting the necessity of any section being discharged or asked to bear too great a strain like the present loss of wages for one and a half days' out of five and a half working days in the wage. For instance, if a proper Committee of Enquiry came to the conclusion that a cut in wages is necessary after voluntary resignations are induced by far more liberal terms than what are offered now and if the same Committee then assess the amount of total cut deemed equitable, then the Union would easily accept the burden of the cut being equitably apportioned progressively from the top to the lowest possible limits beyond which there would be the danger of curtailing the starvation wages. Tata works in this country and the P. & O. Banking Corporation have already set an example."

Do the State Railway administrations mean to set such an example? So far the indications are that they emphatically do not. The Railway Board can, if they so choose, begin axing from the top and there is abundant opportunity at the top for such retrenchment, and they must infuse the same spirit into the Moghuls in control of the State Railways and the other Railway systems. The latter dare not act against the wishes of the Government of India. If this retrenchment from the top does not take place, there is sure to be trouble on the railways.

PROFESSOR MILLER'S CRIME.

The Ohio State University would not re-engage Professor Miller because he paid a tribute to a movement against British Imperialism based on Truth and Non-Violence as "the greatest contribution India had ever made to human affairs." It would be interesting to know what the Ohio State University has been doing with Professors, who may have written and spoken against Soviet Russia thereby incurring the charge that they incite Russians to Civil—and even armed—disobedience. If, again, an unfortunate Professor of the Ohio State University were to deliver addresses praising Communism or even Socialism, would the University dismiss him because his addresses tended to incite Americans, Germans, Frenchman and Britons to disobedience against the Capitalist order of Society? What business has a University to act as the protector of Imperialism even though it be British?

Trifles

—:o:—

Says the London correspondent of the "Times of India": "The Egyptian elections are being marked by serious rioting through the determination of the Wafd that none shall vote if they do not want to vote themselves—a development of what is called 'democracy' which is not unknown in other eastern countries."

* * *

Now this is unfair to Sidky Pasha who realising his unfortunate association with the perfidious East is doing his best—vide suspension of Parliament and the constitution and radical "reform" in electoral laws to "develop" what is known as democracy after the very heart of this superior Westerner.

* * * * *

The insinuation is also not quite fair to such of this gentleman's Indian friends who are fighting that selfish, perverse, so-called "democrat" Gandhi every inch of the ground on behalf of real honest "Democracy".

* * * *

I learn from a photograph that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta ex-M. L. A. and the Left Wing Congress leader was "At Home" the other day to the members of the Spiritualist Society.

This public declaration of faith in seances makes the problem of his opposition to the Truce still more complicated.

* * * * *

"It is not sufficient for the Government alone to implement their pledges"—"Scrutator" in I. D. M.

Most certainly not. It is very necessary for the Congress also to do so. Indeed, considering that Government have no pledges to implement, I mean having already implemented their pledges, if any —it is now high time for Congress to wake up and realise its obligations.

* * * *

"The Zemindars" says Gandhiji, "would do well to take the time by the forelock. Let them cease to be mere rent collectors————".

He might as well have asked them in plain language to surrender their 'raison d'etre.'

* * * *

Sometime ago an unfortunate school master in America was the victim of what is known as the Monkeyville trial. The school master who insisted on teaching Darwin's theories was, I think convicted of sinning thereby against Christianity. Whereat the so-called civilised world, which as you know is ever ready to subordinate Christian Charity to cynical criticism laughed rather heartily.

* * * *

I am reminded of the story by the Miller incident. Did the world's laughter hurt so deeply that some, at least, in America now wince at the very suggestion of Christian teachings?

THE LATE MR. HENRY A. WOLFF.

An Appreciation.

(By Sir Lalubhai Samaldas.)

Having learnt only to-day, the 28th instant, of the sad death of one of the greatest and best friends of the Co-operative movement in India Mr. Henry H. Wolff, I feel it my duty to pay a tribute publicly on behalf of myself and all Indian Co-operators to the memory of the deceased Englishman who was a true gentleman in the real sense of the term. Many students and workers in the Co-operative field in India to-day must be feeling the passing away of this great man as a personal loss. I owe a great deal of my knowledge of Co-operation to his writings, and whenever our faith in the movement flogged for a moment it was his faith as expressed in his writings that helped us to regain our faith. He kept himself in constant touch with the progress and with the ups and downs of the movement in this country to such an extent that one felt small in his presence when talking on the subject, as I well remember I did when I met him for the first and last time at the Reform Club in London. Even in his old age he never declined to give assistance and guidance to the Co-operators in this country and contributed frequently to Indian Co-operative journals. We Co-operators in India have lost a true friend and guide, whose place I fear it will be difficult for any one to fill. May his soul live in peace that is its due.

THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY ACT.

—:o:—

FURTHER AMENDMENTS SUGGESTED

(BY ACADEMICUS)

That it became necessary to amend the Bombay University Act (Act IV of 1928) not less than four times in the course of two years of its enactment is abundant proof, if proof were needed, of the defects or short-comings contained in it, and of the unwisdom of the Bill having been referred to the Senate for their opinion and remarks before its introduction into the Legislative Council. Every time it was done only to remove a particular defect then noticed. At no time it was considered wholly and seriously so as to remove all the apparent defects which it contained, and consequently most of the original defects continue to remain in it even to-day. There is in the body of the Act plenty of evidence of bad draftsmanship. But this is by the way.

GLARING DEFECTS

Taking the academic point of view alone, there are many holes in it which are readily perceivable to an eye experienced in University affairs and educational matters. If all of them are to be filled in, I am afraid the whole Act will have to be thoroughly overhauled; and that is a long and devious course. I shall therefore, rest content with pointing out only those sections in the Act, by amending which in the manner suggested hereunder, the most objectionable features which still persist in the Act can be removed and a more harmonious working of the Act could be ensured. I venture to make these suggestions in the fervent hope that the Hon'ble Maulvi Rafiudin Ahmed, the Minsiter of Education, who is himself an educationist of no mean experience and who has fought several battles—some with conspicuous success—on the floor of the Senate, will give his immediate and earnest attention to them and thus add lustre to his portfolio.

NECESSARY AND URGENT REFORM

The following are the amendments with reasons thereof which are absolutely necessary:—

(1). Section 3 (a). To add "or a recognized collegiate institution" after the word 'college.' This amendment is suggested so as to enable research students working in the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute (Poona), the Gokhale Institute of Politics (Poona, the Indian Institute of Science (Bangalore) and similar institutions to compete for the postgraduate degrees conferred by the University. As it is, the Act does not provide for this, even though candidates trained at these institutions, are, by an executive order of the Syndicate which is 'prima facie ultra vires, admitted to the examinations for the postgraduate degrees conducted by the University. This omission in the section is clearly an oversight on the part of the draftsmen because Section 35 (d) contemplates the recognition of such institutions. As the Act does not contemplate the affiliation of these institutions under Section 39, this amendment is urgently necessary.

(2). Section (10). To insert the words "from among those nominated by the Senate" between the words 'Vice-Chancellor' and 'who'. This amendment is suggested so as to give the Senate a voice in the appointment of the Vice-Chancellor. In the case of Western Universities and in good many of the Indian Universities, the Senate has a determining voice in the appointment of the Vice-Chancellor. The University of Madras, the most conservative of Indian Universities and one of the three oldest Universities in the country, had for its Senate the right to nominate 5 persons from among whom the Vice-Chancellor has to make his final choice. Now that the University of Bombay has a democratic Senate and that Section 18 (1) of the Act proclaims the Senate to be 'the supreme governing body of the University. It is simply an irony of logic if the Senate is not to have any voice in the appointment of its Chief Officer.

THE SENATE'S CONSTITUTION

(3). Section (13). This refers to the constitution of the Senate. Under this Section, all Heads of University Departments are Fellows 'ex officio,' while the Principals of Colleges have been constituted into a separate electoratt with 13 seats allotted to them on the Senate. There is neigther ryhme nor reason in this arrangement. That Principals of Colleges should contest for seats on the Senate is simply ridiculous in the light of the fact that they practically direct the entire higher education of the Presidency.

By virtue of their very position as the Heads of Colleges—not merely of a University Department—their presence in the Senate must be a 'sine qua non' of its existence. Therefore, I suggest that the University must follow what the sister Universities in the country have done, namely, to make the Principals of Colleges 'ex officio' Fellows. The amendment in this behalf will be:—

To 'insert' "(d) All Principals of Colleges" below '(c) All Heads of University Departments' under 'I-Ex-officio' of Section 13, and to make the consequential changes of deletion and renumbering.

(4). Section 13-II (A) (iv) To Substitute "15" for '10' to be elected by the Faculties. The number '10' was fixed on the basis of having only four Faculties (of Arts, Science, Law and Medicine). Now that the Academic Council has recommended the constitution of a Faculty of Technology and before long a Faculty of Commerce will come into existence to have a fair representation of all the Faculties on the Senate, it needs no saying that a larger number than 10 is necessary, and 15 will not be inadequate.

CO-OPTION

(5). Section 19 (5) This refers to co-option of persons by a Faculty. As the language of the Section goes, only one election for the purpose of co-option is contemplated by the Section. But, the interpretation put on it has brought into practice two elections, one for co-option to the Faculty and the other for election to the Board of Studies. The absurdity of this interpretation will be manifest when a co-opted member for some reason or other fails to get into the Board of Studies to serve on which he has been co-opted. My suggestion on this is to delete the words "serve on" occurring in the Section.

A SORE POINT

(6). Section 20. This, section, relating to the constitution of the Syndicate, is the one which has caused a lot of heartburning and misunderstanding among the members of the Senate. As one of the oldest members of the Senate remarked, this section has introduced 'caucus' into the Senate. The sub-section (e) imposes a ban on those Fellows who are engaged in the profession of teaching to stand as candidates at elections to the Syndicate from the Senate. Seeing that the Syndicate is the supreme executive body of the University, it stands to reason that the Senate must be represented on it without any restriction. My suggestion in this respect is to coalesce the two sub-sections (d) and (e) and to have only one instead as under:—

"(d) Sixteen persons elected by the Senate."

(7). Section 22. This refers to the constitution of the Academic Council. Here, I suggest, that, for the same reasons advanced in (3) above, the Principals of Colleges must be 'ex-officio' members of the Academic Council.

(8). Section 24 (c) and Section 35 (b). By the former the power is given to the Academic Council, "to make Regulations laying down courses of study subject to the approval of the Syndicate," and by the latter the Syndicate had the power to frame an Ordinance for "the courses of study to be laid down for all degrees and diplomas of the University." Except that the former is in the active voice and the latter in the passive voice, there is no difference in the phraseology used, but it makes a world of difference whether the Academical Council or the Syndicate has the initiative for laying down courses of studies. To remove this conflict of authority I suggest that Section 35 (b) be omitted, seeing that the Academical Council should be supreme in academic matters.

(9). Section 34 (3). This Section reads: The Senate may take into consideration the draft of a Statute either by its own motion or on a proposal by the Syndicate. Evidently, this section gives the right to any

(Continued on page 6.)

NOTES OF THE DAY

—:o:—

An Improvement.

Moulvi A. K. Fazlul Haq, ex-Minister of Bengal and a delegate to the Round Table Conference, is considered by common consent of the Separatists, as a very prominent and reliable leader. He also represents broadly the type that honours the leadership of Separatism. As the "Mussalman" of Calcutta points out, the Moulvi Sahib was in favour, while in England, of Joint Electorate with reservation of majority seats for Bengal Muslims. On his return to India he changed his views and began to insist on Separate Electorate. He has now changed again. In a statement issued from Noakhali on May 23 he expresses his willingness to accept Joint Electorate on the condition that both Hindus and Muslims should be protected by "Reservation" in those districts of Bengal where they are in a minority. This is a modification of the manifesto issued by Mr. Nurul Haque Chowdhry and others who have not only given up Separate Electorate, but also demand Joint Electorate without reservation of seats. But in so far as he does not appear to favour all round reservation, he has improved on his R.T.C. position.

Noakhali Muslim Conference.

Even a super-delicate weathercock cannot, however, move without the presence of any breeze. The breeze was supplied to Mr. Fazlul Haq in the Muslim gatherings at Noakhali on May 23 and subsequent days. The Noakhali Muslim Conference was presided over by the Nawab of Dacca. It is clear, therefore, that the Conference was organised by Separatists for the purpose of advocating Separatism. Yet, inspite of this fact, and inspite also of the efforts of the Nawab of Dacca who indulged in disgusting invectives against Nationalist Muslims no reservation in favour of Separate Electorate could be brought in. What this Separatist Conference did was earnestly to request "the leaders of the Muslim community to convene a representative conference of Muslims of all shades of opinion in Bengal to come to a common understanding in regard to the question of the retention or abolition of separate electorates." This is significant of the pressure that Muslim Nationalism is applying in Bengal—a pressure that is being felt even by the worst of communalists. Of equal significance is another resolution protesting against special constituencies and demanding that early steps for their abolition be taken by—the Congress. Will the Separatists see the touch of pathetic humour in the resolution?

Unscrupulous Dealers.

Some unscrupulous dealers in foreign cloth in the City, finding it impossible to do any business in face of effective picketing by Desh Sevikas and the growing feeling against foreign cloth, are understood to be circulating canards that the Congress is not very keen about the sale of foreign woollens and of old stocks in general. The canard is utterly baseless. The Congress has not permitted and cannot possibly permit the sale of any kind of foreign cloth, old or new. Some other dealers who sell both foreign and Swadeshi cloth are reported to be palming off foreign stuff on unsuspecting and uncritical customers. It would be safest for customers to patronise only those shops that sell only Swadeshi cloth including those that have put away their stocks of foreign cloth under Congress seal.

New Times, New Names.

The Government of Bombay does not object to a change in the Municipal Act by which the President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be called Mayor of Bombay, but the Government would not accept the title "Lord Mayor". Whatever may be the Government's intention in the matter, for ourselves we would prefer simple "Mayor" to "Lord Mayor". "Lord" smacks too much of aristocracy. For all practical purposes the public can give the President almost any title they like without waiting for Government's approval or a change in the Municipal Act. It was not with the approval of the Government that the Esplanade Maidan came to be called the Azad Maidan.

FIGHT AGAINST ILLITERACY.

—:o:—

Miss Amy Rustomjee Points To Russia.

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, May 27.

A large crowd collected at the Poona Railway station early in the morning to receive "Senapati" Bapat of Mulshi Satyagraha fame, who has been released from the jail after under-going imprisonment for seven years. But it had to return disappointed as, he did not come by that train.

SEVEN YEARS FOR THROWING ACID.

Vyadye Ramayya of Nehalpeth, Poona City, was charged and tried by the Assistant Sessions Judge, Mr. J. R. Dhurandhar, under Section 304 and 326 I.P.C. for throwing acid at a woman, named Sitarambai, on March 5th. The Judge agreeing with the unanimous verdict of the jury found the accused guilty under Section 326 I. P. C. only and sentenced him to seven years' hard labour.

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION.

The 18th session of the Marathi Theosophical Federation will be held on 30th and 31st May 1931 in Poona at the City Theosophical Hall, Fergusson Road, under the presidentship of Mr. A. Wood of Adyar Madras. The subject chosen by Mr. Wood to deliver his speech is "Pain and Hapiness". Besides this, there will be speeches from other members, Puja, etc. will form the part of the programme.

SUBURBAN MUNICIPALITY.

A resolution of condolence at the death of R. B. Khopkar was passed by the Suburban Municipality at its special meeting held on 22nd May, under the presidentship of Mr. Medhekar.

While placing the resolution before the house, the president paid fitting tributes to late Rao Bahadur Khopkar by stating that he was the member of the Municipality for 17 years and was the Chairman of Managing and Standing Committees.

As the result of the discussion at the Suburban Municipal meeting held on 23rd under the presidentship of Mr. Medhekar, a retrenchment committee was appointed. The Committee consists of Messrs. D. D. Khambatta, De Luna, Dixit and Hake. The Committee will inquire and find out the ways and means of reducing the administrative staff, which is more than required.

The Budget for the year 1931-32 was gone through with many cuts.

VASANT VYAKHYAN MALA.

Under the chairmanship of Prof. K. R. Kanitkar of Fergusson College, Miss Amy Rustomjee delivered a lecture on "Abolition of Illiteracy on 25th instant.

Miss Rustomjee in her speech said that the question of abolishing illiteracy has been forgotten on account of the National movement which is in full swing at present. She painted the picture of Russia and said that ten years ago the condition in that country was the worst. But its achievement should be an object lesson to them. "If you ask me the extent to which illiteracy exists in India, then my answer will be this. If the illiterate were to stand in a row of two as we do in drill then the length of rows will be 62,680 miles. It is not the desire of God to keep us in this condition. Therefore let us make an earnest effort. No proof is required to show how easily an illiterate is cheated in his daily life by Savkars and others", she declared.

"It is our opinion that, it is the duty of the Municipality, but they also turn towards this question after taking into consideration, sanitation, roads, water supply, health, etc. If at all the compulsory resolution is passed, it can not brought into force for years together for the Government does not respond. If the matters were to go on like this, then I am faraid even on 50 years will not bring any change.

BEGIN WITH TOWNS.

She was of the opinion that the work of abolition should begin in towns with the adults and then automatically it will affect the villages also. The question of finance is an important one the suggestion I intend to make must be thought over in right earnest.

What I mean by abolition of illiteracy is that a man should know how to read and write. Let the owner of the house spend small portion of the rent for the purpose of education. Let there be a rule that every student appearing for the Matriculation must produce a certificate that he has taught one man atleast how to read and write. Let the college students do some productive work during the vacations, as it is the system in the Canada. University."

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

—:o:—

Civil Appointments.

Mr. C G Kharkar, First Class Subordinate Judge, Nasik, to be Judge, Small Cause Court, Poona.

Mr. W. W. Godwin, Officiating Superintendant of Police, Bombay City, to be Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, from the 4th May 1931, vice Mr. C. R. Jefferies.

Mr. P. R. Baker, Inspector of Police, Bomaby City, to officiate as Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, vice Mr. W. D. R. Spiers, proceeding on leave preparatory to retirement on the 27th May 1931, pending further orders.

Mr. A. P. Le Mesurier, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Assistant Collector in Sind.

Mr. Nabi Bakhsh Murad Ali Memon to officiate as Second Grade Deputy Collector in Sind vice Mr. M. N. Siddiki proceeding on leave.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Hashmatrai Lalsingh Gidwani to officiate as Second Grade Deputy Collector in Sind vice Mr. Ghulam Husain K. Agha proceeding on leave.

Dr. M. K. Patel to be Assistant Professor of Myology, Poona Agricultural College, and he is to be placed on probation for a period of one year.

Mr. A. K. B. Cazi, Lecturer in Entomlooy, Agricultural College, Poona to act as Assistant Professor of Entomology vice Mr. T. N Jhaveri on leave.

Khan Bahadur S. D. Contractor, to be Assistant Director of Public Instruction.

Mr. D. C. Pawate is to be Educational Inspector, Bombay Division.

Mr. Syed Nurullah, B.A., M.Sc. (Leeds) is to be Educational Inspector, Central Division.

Dr. Norbert Figueredo, is to be officiating Superintendent of the Acworth Leper Asylum, Matunga, during the absence on leave of Dr. J. S. P. Rodrigues.

On return from leave, Lieutenant-Colonel D. D. Kamat is to be Civil Surgeon, Surat vice Mr. K. P. Moolan, transferred.

On relief, Mr. K. P. Moolan, is to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Panch Mahals vice Mr. N. B. Majmundar transferred.

On relief Mr. N. B. Majmundar is to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Kaira, vice Dr. G. R. DeSouza Fyjnto, invalided.

DEMAND FOR MR. OGALE'S RELEASE.

A public meeting was held on the hall of the Deccan Merchants' Association, under the auspices of the Deccan National Union on Wednesday evening to demand the release of Mr. G. A. Ogale, editor of the "Maharashtra" who is serving his term of one year's rigorous imprisonment for sedition. Mr. Haribar Deshpande was in the chair.

Mr. A. R. Bhat protested against hte ill-treatment that was being meeted out to Mr. Ogale.

Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar, editor of "Nawakal", said Mr. Ogale's detention in jail showed how the Government was respecting the settlement terms.

SUPPORTING GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Lalji Pendse observed that Mr. Ogale was getting the reward of his equivocal and unenthusiastic support of Government.

Messrs. Khadilkar of the Poona Youth League. K. M. Tamhankar and H. M. Joshi also spoke.

"Ramtek Congress Elections Invalid."

—:o:—

Sjt. Poonamchand Ranka, General Secretary, C. P. (Marathi) P. C. C., wires from Nagpur Mahal:—

"The Ramtek Taluka Congress Committee elections are invalid, since the Secretary thereof did not send a list of the new Congress members enrolled before due time to the Provincial Committee, as required by rules."

Two New Indian Talkies.

The Krishnatone talkie entitled "The Wife" will be released from Saturday at the "Globe Talkies" Miss Rampyari, Miss Sarda and Mr. Gazanavi feature the film. The theme is a social topic.

Messrs. Madan Theatres, Ltd., will also release "Shirin-Farahad", the Hindi talkie versions of the famous romance. Master Nisar, and Miss Kajjan Bai are starred.

Rugby.—A passenger was killed and eleven injured in a collision on Wednesday between a London and North-Eastern train from Dereham with a train standing at the platform in the station at Fakerham, Norfolk.—B. O. W.

OUR KERALA LETTER

War On Liquor

Alleged Ill-Treatment Of Volunteer

(From Our Correspondent.)
CALICUT, May 24.

The unfortunate and harsh treatment offered to volunteers engaged in picketing liquor shops in all parts of Kerala continues unabated. The responsibility for these acts rests both on the shop-keepers concerned and on their accredited agents. There seems to be no end to the troubles and tribulations meted out to volunteers. On the evening of the 21st instant, it is reported, a Congress volunteer was engaged in picketing a toddy shop within the Calicut Municipality. This was much resented to by the shop-keepers and his regular influx of customers. At about nine o'clock in the night, the picket was forcibly carried into the toddy shop, and, it is alleged, he was given heavy blows all over his body and kept in a room for the whole of the night. It is alleged that the reason for this crime was the picket's unwillingness to part with his national flag. Such incidents continue to take place everyday and yet, there are people in Malabar, who are blind to these realities.

Mr. Gopal Menon, member, A. I. C. C., has issued a statement, calling upon the public to keep him informed of all such incidents which are in effect a violation of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact.

PT. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

A telegram received by the secretary, K. P. C. C., yesterday from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru states that the Pandit intends to start from Trivandrum on the 27th instant and to visit Cochin and Calicut on the way.

The Secretary, K. P. C. C., announces that in consequence of a requisition sent by some members of the committee, a meeting of the Committee will be held on the 28th instant to consider what steps should be taken to combat the anti-picketing agitation directed by certain interested parties. Other particulars will also be considered.

LATHI CHARGE AT DHROL

Higher Officers Blame Sub-Ordinate Policemen

(From A Correspondent.)
DHROL, May 28.

On Tuesday night, Sjt. Fulchandbhai and other satyagrahis were confined in a private building. Citizens including women and children and several villagers were gathering at the Mandvi Chowk to attend a meeting, but police used force and dispersed the gathering. Among the injured persons is a son of a police clerk.

On Wednesday morning a satyagrahi jail was opened. Sjt. Fulchandbhai saw the Dewan Saheb and the Police Superintendent but both denied having given orders for a lathi charge to the Police Fozdar.

Both roads leading to Mandvi Chowk are patrolled by the Police. Doctors Jadavray and Oza arrived by motor from Rajkot but were detained. They saw Dewansaheb who allowed them to see the injured satyagrahis. They noted down the injuries. Champakbhai a cameraman, was detained for two hours by the police without orders from the Superintendent. Higher officers blame sub-ordinate policemen. On Wednesday Shrimati Vrajkunverben, a woman satyagrahi was detained for the whole night outside the town. When she arrived by motor the gate was closed. Police would not send a note of complaint to the Superintendent. Sjt. Harjiwan Vyas, Editor of "Nava Bharat," a Rajkot Weekly, was detained for the whole night On Thursday morning Vrajkunverben and Sjt. Vyas were allowed to enter.

Iran League Quarterly

The April Number of the Iran League Quarterly contains an interesting article on "Religious symbology of Persian Carving from the pen of Mr. Faredun K. Dadachanji, together with seven plates. Another article under the caption of "an American Archaeological Expedition to Persia" being an account of the exploits of Mr. Upham Pope, is reproduced from the "Observer". Other articles of note are "an address of H. H. Zoka-ol-Molk Forough, Minister of Foreign Affairs and of National Economy to the Imperial Persian Government.

MR. KELKAR & R. T. C.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is the opinion of many prominent citizens in the Maharashtra that the Bombay Presidency is not fully and truly represented at the Round Table Conference. The Deccan a very important portion of the Province is very much neglected. I would suggest the name of Mr. N. C. Kelkar who after Lokmanya is the leading politician in Maharashtra, and I am sure his co-operation will be found most helpful both by Mr. Gandhi as well as the Indian Government.—Yours, etc.,

KERSHAW D. KHAMBATTA.

BRIDEGROOM LOSES HIS LIFE.

Tribal Feud Over Marriage.

HYDERABAD (Sind), May 27.

A murderous assault was recently made on a Muslim graduate, who was employed as a clerk in the Taluka Office, Khandkot. Latest report states that he has since succumbed to his injuries.

The assault is reported to be due to tribal feud on account of the marriage of a girl of the Subzoi tribe to the victim's brother, over which the parties had resorted to the Civil Court in the first instance and later to a Jirga.

A WRONG ORDER.

The Jirga wanted the girl to be returned to her parents, but the Deputy Commissioner set aside Jirga's order and awarded compensation to the opposite party. The latter, however, insisted on the restoration of the girl resulting in the renewal of the feud and the attack on the victim.—A.P.

Lathi Prohibited At Jamnagar.

JAMNAGAR, May 27.

As a result of the communal clash that occurred yesterday between the Mahomedan and the Bohra communities, carrying of lathis and other weapons by the public has been prohibited by the State authorities.

State forces have been posted in such localities as are likely to be disturbed. At a meeting held last night at the instance of the State authorities, the leading members of the Mahomedan community persuaded their members to preserve peace during the holy Moharrum days. To-day the atmosphere was calm.—A.P.

POLICE SUB-INSPECTOR'S REVOLVER STOLEN.

14-Year Boy Handed Over To Police.

DACCA, May 25.

Dhruba Bhattacharyya, aged about 14, a student of the Dacca heavy blows all over his body and Collegiates School, and the son of the head-mistress of the Wari Girls School, was arrested yesterday.

It is reported that Sub-Inspector Sasadhar Biswas of the District Intelligence Branch came to his father-in-law's house. Before he sat down to take his meals, he took off his revolver and placed it on a trunk close by.

While he was having his meals the revolver was removed. The Sub-Inspector had a search made and the boy was arrested with the weapon by the Sub-Divisional officer near his house. He was subsequently made over to the police who have arrested another young man in this connection.—A. P.

CALCUTTA TRAGEDY OF POVERTY

CALCUTTA, May 27.

At the inquest held on Mrs. Kiranmayee Gupta, aged thirty, the jury who returned a verdict of death due to shock from burns, expressed the opinion that her husband was guilty of neglect in not having her properly treated.

It appeared from the evidence that the woman who was suffering from Malaria for a long time committed suicide when she felt she could could not bear the pains any longer.

Her husband Birendrashekhar Gupta who works on a salary of Rs. 50 said that he was unable to give her proper treatment for want of money. During her illness she often complained that it was better to commit suicide than to live a sickly-life.—A. P.

LOANS TO CULTIVATORS IN BURMA

Rate Of Interest Reduced

RANGOON, May 27.

Local Government has received representations from several quarters asking that funds for issue of loans under the Agriculturists Loans Act may be made available in excess of Rs. 11,00,000 provided by the Legislature for this purpose in the budget for the current year. It is beyond the power of the Local Government to finance the rice crop in the province.

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, however, has decided that something more should be done in view of the present conditions and has taken steps to obtain from the Provincial Loans' fund a further sum of Rs. 20,00,000 which will be expended in the issue of loans to cultivators in anticipation of further vote of the Council. At the same time the rate of interest charged on such loans is being reduced in respect both of new and old loans from 10 to 6-1|4 per cent —A. P.

A public meeting of Dhulia citizens held on Wednesday night passed resolutions disowning the compromise and condemning the Youth Leagues attitude.

PICKETING AT MANGALORE

—:o:—

50 Desh Sevikas Participate In Campaign

(From Our Correspondent.)
MANGALORE, May 26.

Intensified picketing of foreign cloth shops began to-day in Mangalore. About 50 Desh Sevikas including Mrs. Girijabai Dhareshwar, mother of Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, are participating in the campaign along with men volunteers. So far one leading pleader M. Madhav Rao has agreed to picket. Others may join. During the last seven weeks, only ladies had been picketing shops, two hours in the forenoon and 2 hours in the afternoon, and had been instrumental in converting two busy cloth shops into purely swadeshi ones. Henceforward picketing will be carried on continuously from nine in the morning till eight in the evening. This new move has induced five more shops to agree to sell swadeshi cloth only.

Half a dozen Gujerati Merchants practically monopolise local foreign cloth trade, and they are worst sinners, since in spite of previous verbal assurances not to place fresh orders, they have been importing recently new stocks of foreign cloth. In view of present political truce they are blind to tremendous sacrifices and sufferings undergone by thousands of their compatriots. Sooner or later they are bound to realise that it is a losing trade they are engaged in. There is a general awakening among the masses in the District and popularity of khaddar and genuinely swadeshi cloth is rapidly increasing.

HOW TRUCE IS OBSERVED

A Karnatak Grievance

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHARWAR, May 24.

The Sirsi-Siddapur affair threatens to be troublesome. Even before the Congress agreement with the Commissioner in connection with the No-tax campaign in Karnatak the Mamlatdar of Sirsi had issued a circular to the village officers that the date of payment of the 2nd instalment of revenue had been extended from the 15th to the 25th of May. According to the Congress agreement with the Commissioner, cultivators of agricultural lands (excluding garden lands) alone have been asked to pay revenue before the 25th. As regards the garden cultivators, they are to submit applications for suspension of revenue till final orders on the same are passed by the Government. The local officials cannot therefore demand payment of revenue from garden cultivators. Still, the work of collecting the 2nd instalment of revenue is going on briskly. The Mamlatdar of Sirsi, who is touring all the villages in his taluka for collection of revenue, visited last week Haragar and Muttigar, and sent for the ryots. He then asked them whether they would pay the 2nd instalment. They replied that as they had no money they were unable to pay. The Mamlatdar, therefore, said, "If you don't pay up, attachments will be issued." To this threat the ryots replied, "we have no money. Loans are impossible to obtain. If coercion is used against us we are prepared to face cheerfully whatever hard lot is in store for us."

GRAVE ALLEGATIONS.

There are numerous complaints that attached goods have not been returned to the owners who have already paid the 1st instalment. The ryots of Mattigar complain that in some cases no receipts have been passed to those ryots who have paid the 1st instalment. It is alleged, in some cases, double grazing fees have been recovered and no receipts passed for the same. These ryots have been told that no receipts would be passed unless the 2nd instalment has been paid. No receipts for payment of grazing fees have been issued. This is a matter which the higher authorities must at once investigate. As a result of the correspondence between the president of the Sirsi Taluka Agricultural association, and the Commissioner, not much hope is entertained as regards any sympathetic consideration of the ryots' case for suspension of revenue.

NOVEL METHODS OF TEACHING INDIAN HISTORY.

One hears a strange tale from Gokak. Hull's Indian history was being taught here in the Primary School up till now. It was discontinued for some time but was again being used. The teachers asked the students to buy copies of that book also for this year, which the student did. But the teachers are now asking the students to throw away that history book and buy Marsden's Indian history, saying that the Inspector has ordered them to discontinue reading Hull's history on the ground that it contains too many accounts of the defeats of the English in India. If the Inspector has really issued an order as the teachers it is most objectionable as Mr. Hull's Indian history contains unchallengable historical facts, however unpalatable they may be to some people.

INDIAN MUHAJAR DEAD AT KABUL

Crimes Regulations Cases Examined.

PESHAWAR, May 28.

The Frontier Regulations Inquiry Committee, examined to-day a number of files about the cases decided under the Frontier Crimes Regulation.

Death has occurred at Kabul of Indian Muhajar Mohdaslamkhan otherwise known as Sardar Bacoch.

AFGHAN PREMIER'S TOUR.

Sardar Mohmed Hasham Khan, the Afghan Premier left Kabul on tour of the Northern Province of Afghanistan. He was given enthusiastic receptions at a number of Rohidamni village by the followers of late Bacha Saquo, who have now completely surrendered. As a mark of practical goodwill towards them, King Nadirshah has ordered an increase of pay to Imams and Muazzans in Kabul Mosques.—A.P.

APPEAL TO BOMBAY RICH.

—:o:—

Support Himalayan Hospital For Poor.

Swami Virajananda writes:—

In presenting to the general public the sixteenth Annual Report of the Shyamala Tal Charitable Dispensary and Hospital (which is renamed as The Ramakrishna Sevashrama, Shyamala Tal) for 1930, we offer our heartfelt thanks and best wishes to our kind donors and subscribers who have helped us to serve the Lord in the diseased and helpless in this part of the holy Himalayas. We record our profound gratefulness especially to Major S. Nag, I. M. S. for his generous monthly subscription, and to Sj. Kumar Krishna Mittra and Sj. Debendra Nath Sirkar of Calcutta for their handsome donations, and also to the District Board of Almora for its annual grant of Rs. 100.

BOON TO POOR.

The situation of the Hospital in the midst of deep Himalayan jungles, relieved here and there with only clusters of a few hamlets called villages, and having no means of medical relief within 30 miles around, makes it a unique institution, the extreme necessity and importance of which are evident to all. People come often from long distance, even making a full days journey, and being unaccustomed to drugs thye recover from serious ailments with astonishing quickness.

Thus, the value of the work should not be gauged merely by the number of patients, though they are increasing year after year, but by the urgency of their demands and their extreme helplessness at the time of illness. It is gratifying to note that in the year under review the number of patients was much higher than that of any previous year, being as many as 1740.

A EARNEST APPEAL.

It gives us great pleasure to say that the building works of the new house for the Hospital are nearly complete and the Hospital has been removed to it. The house looks very fine, commanding a charming view over a small lake, and being spacious and well-ventilated is best suited for the purpose. But we had to incur a debt of Rs. 502-3-0, and still much carpentry work, painting and some other small but important items of work are left unfinished, which may cost about Rs. 300 more. Thus about Rs. 900 are still required for it.

Moreover, our limited stock of medicines and instruments etc. has to be considerably increased to meet the urgent and ever-growing demands of the hospital. We, therefore, earnestly appeal to all, in the name of the diseased and helpless people of the Himalayas, to help us in this humanitarian work and thereby earn the eternal gratitude of these poor and suffering hill-people.

Contributions however small will be thankfully received and acknowledged by Swami Virajananda, Secy., The Ramakrishna Sevashrama, Shyamala Tal, Deori P. O., Via Champawat, Dt. Almora, U. P.

SUBHAS BABU IN SURAT

Appeal For Foreign Cloth Boycott.

—:o:—

SURAT, May 28.

Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bhose paid his first visit to this city last evening, when he returned from Bardoli after consultations with Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai. He was given a rousing reception and greeted with shouts of "long live revolution."

He addressed a largely attended public meeting in Tilak Maidan under the auspices of the local Congress Committee and in the course of his speech, he advised the audience to boycott foreign goods, especially cloth. It was the only means of bringing the British to their knees. He also appealed to the audience to carry on constructive work, in the direction of the uplift of the depressed classes and unity among all communities of India.

GANDHIJI'S VISIT TO LONDON.

He next referred to Mahatma Gandhi's proposed visit to London and said that the object of the visit was to see if their one motive could be served by peaceful negotiations with Great Britain. Mahatma Gandhi had agreed to attend the Round Table Conference with that object only, and he would put before the Conference the unanimous demand of India, which if not accepted, would lead to a freh fight. He appealed to the Youths to be prepared to make any amount of sacrifice to win Swaraj, because Swaraj when attained, would be enjoyed by the youths.

"LEAGUE OF ROBBERS".

Concluding, he made a reference to the League of Nations and called it "League of robbers", because according to him, the countries which constituted the League were working with a selfish motive and for that reason only. Russia kept herself aloof, and yet he hoped she would be able to hold her own. Though Russia seemed for the present companionless, in future, he hoped, she would attract many companions.—A.P.

SAFEGUARDS AGAINST POISONOUS WRITINGS

Mahatmaji's Suggestion To Journalists' Association.

Mahatma Gandhi writes in "Young India":—

I have before me extracts from journals containing some gruesome things. There is communal incitement, gross misrepresentation and incitement to political violence bordering on murder. It is of course easy enough for the Government to launch out prosecutions or to pass repressive ordinances. These fail to serve the purpose intended except very temporarily, and in no case do they convert the writers, who often take to secret propaganda, when the open forum of the press is denied to them.

The real remedy is healthy public opinion that will refuse to patronise poisonous journals. We have our Journalists' Association. Why should not create a department whose business it would be to study the various journals and find objectionable articles and bring them to the notice of the respective editors? The function of the department will be confined to the establishment of contact with the offending journals and public criticism of offending articles where the contact fails to bring about the desired reform. Freedom of the press is a precious privilege that no country can forego. But if there is, as there should be, no legislative check save that of the mildest character, an internal check such as I have suggested should not be impossible and ought not to be resented.

B. P. C. C. COUNCIL MEETING.

A meeting of the Managing Council of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Saturday at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

PATRONISE SWADESHI & QUALITY.

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during the first five years needs every care and attention. YOU CAN'T TRIFLE WITH THE PROBLEM.
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Wittet Road,
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

Airman's Unique Experience

LONDON, May 27.

Le Bourget.—The breakfast in London, Lunch in Berlin and Dinner in Paris, has been the unique experience of Captain Hawks, the American airman popularly known as "Human Bullet" who left Paris at 8-16 a.m. and arrived at Croydon at 9-34 a.m. After breakfast he left for Berlin at 10-15 a.m. and arrived in time for lunch. He left again at 3-6 p.m. arriving back in Paris at 6-7 p.m.—Reuter.

Talk of the Town

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The Rain coats made of last year's Foreign cloth as Swadeshi?

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The BEST and CHEAPEST in India?

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K. C. MARROTT, INDIA'S PREMIER HOUSE FOR NEW WATERPROOFS.
185—187, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

QUARREL OVER SIGN-BOARD!

Muslims And Mohurram Procession.

(Delayed in Transmission.)
CAWNPORE, May 27.

The Commissioner of Allahabad Division arrived here last night in connection with the Moharram arrangements. He held a consultation with Mahomedan leaders this morning. This evening Mahomedans again insisted on the removal of the Gandhi Seva Samiti signboard at Badshahinaka before taking out to-day's procession. The Hindus refused to remove it on the ground that electric wires which are at a distance of only three or four yards from this signboard stretch across the road at a lower height. Congress intervention proved futile. The procession has not been taken out till the time of wiring (8-55 p.m.). Yesterday the Mahomedans pressed for the removal of another signboard also namely that of a printing press at Lathi Mohalla, while taking out their procession, but this was not agreed to and the procession was taken out under the signboard.—A. P.

Mohurrum Deadlock At Cawnpore

CAWNPORE, May 28.

As a protest against the non-removal of the Gandhi Sevasamiti's signboard, the Muslims did not take out their procession yesterday and are to-day observing a hartal.—A. P.

THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY ACT.

(Continued from page 4.)

member of the Senate to bring forward a new Statute at a meeting of the Senate without first submitting it to the Syndicate. But the Syndicate had deprived the members of the Senate of this right under an antiquated rule of the University which now figures with the glorious name of a Statute. This Statute, Statute 5 says that "no proposal shall be entertained by the Senate that has not, in the first instance, been considered by the Syndicate....." Thus the Act and the Statute conflict with each other, and inasmuch as the Statute is only a creature of the Act, the latter must prevail over the former. To make the intention of this section 34 (3) clearer, I suggest that the words "such motion being made directly by one of its members" be inserted between the words 'motion' and 'or' occurring in the section, and that the Statute 5 be deleted.

(10). Section 35 (d). This relates to "the recognition of Colleges and Hostels" and the Act empowers the Syndicate to frame an Ordinance for the purpose. There is no doubt that the word 'recognition' is used here in a sense different from 'affiliation' referred to in Section 39. This evidently provides for the recognition of institutions mentioned in (1) above. If the amendment suggested in (1) above is approved, the question of the recognition of institutions other than colleges will be solved at once.

(11). The Registrar. I wish to add a new section regarding the appointment of the Registrar. Strangely enough, the Act does not all make any reference to the appointment of the Registrar. It is absolutely silent on the point. It appears that the draftsmen of the Act seem to have clean forgotten all about it. Therefore, I suggest that the following be added:—

"12A. (a) The Senate shall elect a Registrar from among those duly nominated. He shall hold for two years and shall be eligible for re-election.

(b) The Senate may, by the Statute framed for the purpose, determine the mode of election, the condition of appointment, of office, of powers and duties, etc., of the Registrar."

Ever since the establishment of the University, the power of appointing the registrar was always in the hands of the Senate till 1930, when it was vested in the Syndicate. That a practice of nearly 75 years should be thrown overboard by a stroke of the pen is simply sacrilegious.

Victoria Club Call-Over

LONDON, May 27.

Following is the latest Victoria Club call-over on Derby:—

Four to one against Cameronian (taken and offered).

Eight to one against Pomme D'Api (taken and offered.)

100 to none against Doctor Dolittle (taken and offered).

100 to eight against Link Boy (taken and offered).

11 to seven against Goyescas (taken and offered).

100 to one against Revellon (taken and offered).

20 to one against Sir Andrew (taken and offered).

22 to one against Orpen offered twenty-five to one taken.

25 to one against Jacopo offered.

28 to one against Sandwich offered thirty-three to one taken.

23 to one against Carmelus offered.

33 to one against Shell Transport offered forty to one taken.

33 to one against Estate Duty and Lightning Star both offered.—Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST RETRENCHMENT

Workers Re-Affirm Their Resolution.

The 9th annual general meeting of the Wadi Bunder Staff Union was held on Sunday last at Hirabagh under the presidentship of Sjt. Purshottamdas Tricamdas.

The following two resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

"This meeting reaffirms its previous resolution about the proposals for retrenchment and expresses its considered opinion that there is absolutely no sope for effecting any retrenchment among the subordinate staff at Wadi Bunder and that if saving is effected that should be done only in the manner previously suggested by the Union. If in spite of this, the Administration applies the axe of retrenchment to the staff at Wadi Bunder the Administration will alone be responsible for the serious consequences that will follow as a result of the discontentment that is increasing every day."

"In case the Administration attempts to carry out retrenchment in a manner detrimental to the interest of the subordinate staff this meeting authorises the Managing Committee to instruct the workers to do their work strictly according to the rules and to refuse to do any work in contravention of the rules which the supervising officers now exact mainly with a view to get more work from the less staff."

PROTEST AGAINST PUNITIVE POLICE.

Chittagong Magistrate Adamant

CHITTAGONG, May 22.

A representative deputation waited upon the District Magistrate, yesterday to discuss the propriety or otherwise of the Government's action in placing punitive police in 52 villages of Chittagong.

The Deputationists pointed out that the people of the proclaimed villages were absolutely peaceful, and that there was no justification for quartering punitive police there.

The Magistrate said that the authorities had reliable information that the Armoury Raid absconders were hiding themselves in the villages.

DEPUTATIONISTS' ARGUMENTS.

The Deputationists emphatically repudiated this and added that the information of the authorities was not correct. The Deputationists pointed out further, that in view of the fact that some of the accused "wanted" in the Armoury Raid Case were arrested in other districts and also that Ambica Chakravarty, who was "wanted" in that connection and was reported by the prosecution as dead in the early stages of the Armoury Raid Trial, was arrested subsequently, with the aid of villagers, the information about the absconders could not always be depended upon. The deputationists drew the attention of the Magistrate to the Irwin-Gandhi Truce and said that the situation might give a handle to the Congress to lodge the No-Tax Campaign which would involve the people and the authorities in unnecessary trouble for no fault of the villagers. It was added that the authorities, by declaring that the Hindus alone would be liable for the additional tax, were creating a division between the two communities which had been hitherto living in absolute amity and concord. Lastly, the deputationists said that the people were considerably annoyed at the imposition of the punitive police. The Magistrate, however, maintained that the present arrangements would continue for two months.—A. P.

WOMEN IMPRISONED AT DHROL.

Lathi Charges On Volunteers.

(From A Correspondent.)
WADHWAN, May 27.

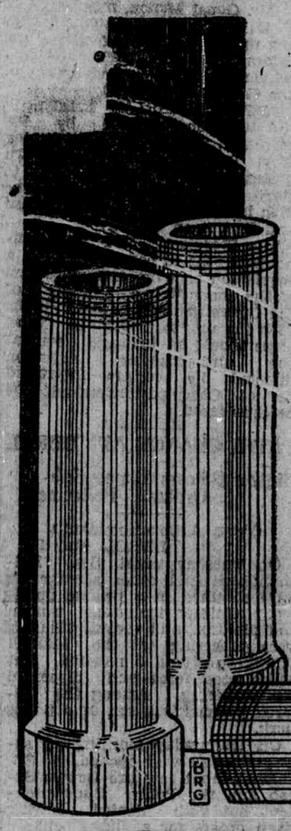
About sixty volunteers, including four ladies, under the leadership of Sjt. Fulchand Shah went to Dhrol for Congress work on Tuesday. The party moved in a procession, and held a meeting where Sjt. Fulchand appealed to the Darbar to return the national flag confiscated before a month and which was promised to be returned to Sjt. Manilal Kothari.

The latest report says that volunteers were charged with lathis. Including the ladies, all were imprisoned in a private house while having dinner.

Hindi Stree Sangathan Social Club, Dadar

Srimati Goshoben Captain, the Chairwoman of the Desh Sevika Sangh, opened the Hindi Stree Sangathan Social Club, Dadar, on 15th May.

The club is started to bring the ladies of all the castes and creeds residing at Dadar together to make better citizens. The club has on its roll more than 40 members. The daily programme for these ladies is this that from 2 to 3 p.m. spinning, 3 to 4 p.m. reading etc., and from 4 to 5 p.m. recreation etc., Bhajans and Kirtans take place on every Monday and Thursday. Only women Kirtankars will be invited to the club.



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RETRENCHMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

General Discussion About Sub-Committee

SIMLA, May 27.

The following communique has been issued:—

The Retrenchment Advisory Committee held its third meeting at 2-30 p.m. to-day. A general discussion was held on the functions and procedure of the proposed sub-committee on railway expenditure.

The Chief Commissioner of Railways, the Financial Commissioner and Mr. Hayman, Member, Railway Board were present and explained the measures which had been in progress for some months, to secure economy in railway expenditure and indicated that very considerable savings had already been secured.

A full report of the effect of the campaign would probably be ready in July. It was decided that Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, M. L.A., the proposed Chairman of the Sub-Committee, should meet the Chief Commissioner and other authorities to discuss procedure and terms of reference of the sub-committee.

The Committee then considered and generally approved of draft terms of reference for the Sub-Committee on Army expenditure, and certain points arising therefrom will be discussed with Army authorities. Lastly, they approved of the general terms of reference to the remaining Sub-Committees which were couched in terms adopted by the Geddes and the Inchcape Committees. The Committee meets again on 28th May.—A. P.

B. P. C. C ELECTIONS

Instructions For Voting

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee writes:—

The system of voting to be followed for this year's elections to the B.P.C.C. to be held on Sunday next, will be what is known as "Cumulative," except in the case of "F" (Parel) Ward where the elections will be made by the "Single transferrable Vote" system.

In the "Cumulative" system of voting, a voter shall have as many votes as there are seats for the particular Ward from which he has enrolled himself a member. He can distribute those votes among the candidates of his choice in any way he likes. For instance, in "B" (Mandvi) Ward, there are 8 seats. Every voter, therefore, shall have 8 votes to be divided among the candidates of his selection. That is to say, a voter in "B" Ward can give all 8 votes of his to a single candidate or he can give one vote each to a candidates or divide his votes in any parts provided the total number of the votes used does not exceed the number of seats for his Ward, in which case, his voting paper shall be declared invalid. What is true of Mandvi Ward is equally true of all the Congress Wards except "F" Ward.

"SINGLE TRANSFERABLE" VOTE SYSTEM IN "F" WARD.

In "F" Ward, the voting system will be "Single transferable." That means a voter will put No. (1) against the name of the candidate who is his first preference. He will put No. (2) against the name of the candidate who is his second preference and so on. In no case he can use more than 9 preferences since "F" Ward has got only 9 seats.

The voters shall be given voting papers at the polling booths in their respective Wards during the time fixed for voting. In Wards where there are more than one polling booths, if it is found that any voter has voted more than once, all his voting papers shall be declared invalid. Voters are requested to note this fact, to avoid complication in future.

We take this opportunity of making an earnest appeal to all candidates for the elections, not to use undue influence on the voters by providing them conveyances, refreshments, etc.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Madras.—Tranquebar message says that the Tanjore Self-respect conference which met at Tranquebar passed a resolution in favour of discarding all religions.—A. P.

Baijakandi.—It is reported that Babu Manoranjan Bhattacharyya, Secretary of the Chikandi Congress Committee, has been taken to Faridpur under arrest and is being detained under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.—A. P.

The death has occurred of Major W. P. Bell Hart, Indian Medical Service (retired) at his residence at Bangalore.—A. P.

The Royal Afghan Consulate, Bombay, have issued the following press note.—A report has been published in certain papers in India, that several students have been arrested at Kabul on the charge of being in possession of bombs: the Royal Afghan Consulate Bombay contradicts the report and states that no such incident has happened at Kabul.—A. P.

Kandi (Murshidabad).—The ancient stupa, known as "Barkonar deul" at Paschkurhi will be preserved by the Archaeological Department of the Government of India as an ancient monument.—A. P.

THE PRIDE AND GLORY
OF THE ORIENT TRANSLATED TO THE INDIAN TALKING SCREEN AS A GREATER TRIUMPH!

From Saturday 30th May IN HINDI LANGUAGE

Messrs. MADAN THEATRES Ltd. present ALL TALKING—ALL SINGING—ALL DANCING

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WELLINGTON WHERE TALKIES REACH PERFECTION TALKIES DHOBI TALAO
FROM SATURDAY 30TH MAY Please Watch The Timings.

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Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
*Tottori Maru	5973	18 May	3 June
*Tasmania Maru	4106	23 „	31 May
Iyo „	6000	30 May	13 June
Suw „	11000	....	16 „
Tokuiwa „	6972	15 June	29 „
Fushimi „	11000	....	@ 30 „
x Kaga „	5860	29 June	13 July
Hakozaki „	10500	....	@13 „

*Do not carry passengers.
xCalls at Colombo.
(a)From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo.	Arrive Marseilles
Haruna Mar	10500	10 June	28 June
Katori „	10000	25 „	13 July

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Chichibu Maru	22000	24 June	30 June
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AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

—:o:—

Weekly Weather Unfavourable

WALL-STREET OPERATORS SELLING.

Sensaitive Rapid Fluctuations

Daily range of price fluctuations is increasing. Sensitive covering and selling playing havoc. Cotton operators feeling shy to buy.

Wekkly Government report does not support present action of the market. Market is neglecting unfavourable weather conditions. It is too early to do any permanent damage but it does not justify short sales at present level.

Bombay, May 28.

Yesterday the New York cotton futures market early advanced on higher Liverpool advices later declined on the weakness of Wall street and again advanced partially on short covering. Prices opened at a rise of 12 points and after recording a further rise of 5 points declined to 31 points from the top. During the last hour there was a rally of 9 points and the market closed at a net decline of 3 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 8.65.

The New Orleans cotton futures market ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 5 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices closed 5 points lower at 8.34c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened steady at unchanged prices. A feature of yesterday's session was the taking of profits by shorts from many quarters and this with little offering had more effect than their weight warranted. The market closed steady at a rise of 6 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices improved 1 point to 4.83 and sales amounted to 5,000 bales.

East Indian cotton futures advanced 10 to 12 points. Egyptian cotton prices improved 8 to 11 points.

The Alexandria market was steady and closed at a rise of 15 to 2 points.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT.

The weekly weather report states that because of persistent coldness, the past week has been unfavourable for cotton, but the close brought warmer and more favouragle weather. The temperature for the period has been on an average from six to ten degrees below normal. The weather has been unfavourable and wet in the north-eastern and northwestern portions.

damage should another dry Summer be experienced."

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. July Highest 8.79 plus .17; lowest 8.48 —.14.

N. Y. October Highest 9.15 (10-47); lowest 8.82 (2-08 p.m.).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—New York cables. cotton irregular. Stock Market general selling continues.

New York.—Cotton weekly weather rather unfavourable, too cool, wet but selling induced by outside conditions predominates.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables

11-24 a.m.: Liverpool.—Trade buying absorbing further liquidation.

1-09 p.m.: Between mid-night and day-light no precipitation; slightly warmer.

9-10 p.m.: New York.—Weaker stocks market, further liquidation, buying only on limits.

Weekly Government, Weather Report unfavourable, too cool, unfavourably wet soil, progress poor.

Reuter's cable.—New York market early advanced on higher Liverpool advices, later declined on the weakness of Wall Street and again advanced partially on covering.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MARKETS.

Liverpool July (Expected) eq. 4.68.

Broach J.-A. (Expected) Rs. 168/- eq. 3.82.

Difference 86 pts. eq. Rs. 38/-

New York July (Close) 8.59 eq. 4.30.

Broach J.-A. (Expected) Rs. 168/- eq. 3.82.

Difference 48 pts. eq. Rs. 21/-.

Liverpool-New York: (At Liverpool close): July 76, October 61

The Liverpool cotton market will remain closed on the 29th and 30th inst. while the New York Cotton Exchange market will be closed on the 30th inst.

WEEVIL EMERGENCE.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co. state:—

Stock Exchange weakness continues to overshadow the market. Garside estimates the world's consumption of American cotton at 9,95,000 bales during April against 10,86,000 bales, same period last year and total for the season ending April, 8,346,000 against 10,235,000 bales same time last season. With regard to weevil damage probabilities, American cotton crop service say: "The State Entomologists of Texas College Station report emergence at 3.02 per cent. against 3.71 per cent. in 1927. Reports of weevil appearance may be expected as soon as high temperatures occur from all parts of the Belt. The modern method of interpreting weevil damage is based upon the preceding season's damage and we do not expect total weevil damage to exceed 18 per cent. for the whole Belt as against 19.4 per cent. in 1927 with the possibility of smaller

Commission Houses selling and liquidation. Closed easy".

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, May 27.

July	8.59—.03
October	8.91—.08
December	9.13—.05
January	9.25—.05
March	9.46—.05
Middling Spot	8.65—

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, May 27.

May	8.5 —.05
July	.58—.05
October	8.91—.09
Middling Spot	8.34—.35

New York. Noon Call.

July	8.66
October	9.01
January	9.22

NEW YORK DAILY COTTON STATISTICS.
New York, May 27.

	Bales.
Day's Receipt at all U. S. Ports	7,000
Day's Exports, to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	5,000

LIVERPOOL COOTON.
Liverpool, May 27.

May	4.64	4.73+.06
June		4.75+.07
July	4.70	4.77+.07
August		4.81+.07
September		4.84+.07
October	4.80	4.87+.06
November		4.90+.06
December		4.94+.07
January	4.90	4.98+.07
February		5.02+.07
March		5.06+06
April		5.09+.07
May		5.13+.08
Middling Spot		4.83+.01

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
SAKELLARIDIS.
Liverpool, May 27.

May	7.67
July	7.77
September	7.93
October	7.99
November	8.055
January	8.20
March	8.33
F. G. F., Spot	8.10

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.
Liverpool, May 27.

	Bales.
Estimated Spot Sales	5,000
Sales for Exports	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	300

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 27.

Broach Fully Good (Good Staple)	3.82
Broach Fine (Good Staple)	3.97
Broach Superfine (Good Staple)	4.11
Oomra Good	3.25
Oomra Fully Good	3.40
Oomra Fine	3.55
Bengal Good	3.08
Bengal Fully Good	3.13
Bengal Fine	3.28
Scinde, Fully Good	3.18
Scinde Fine	3.28
Scinde Superfine	3.38

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.
Bombay, May 28.

May 4s. 4d. up 1/4d.
July 4s. 4d. up 1/4d.
Oct. 4s. 5 1/8d. up 3/6d.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

May $82-3/8 down 1/8.
July $59-1/8 down 1.
Sept. $58-1/2 down 1-1/8.

LONDON LINSEED.

May-June £8-2-6 down sh. 3/9d.
Market quiet.

ARGENTINE LINSEED.

July 10.83 down 5.
Aug. 10.95 down 5.
Market steady.

LONDON LINSEED OIL.

June-Aug. Sh. 13/6d. down 3d.
Sept.Dec. Sh. 14/6d. down 3d.
Market easier.

NEW YORK SUGAR.

July 107 down 4.
Sept. 116 down 3.
Dec. 125 down 3.
Market quiet.

WHEAT CABLE: (Chicago).

"Prices declined on favourable weather, favourable crop reports,

THE SEEDS MARKETING ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, May 28.

Castorseeds Delivery May, Opening Rs. 32-12, Closing Rs. 32-13.

Castorseeds Delivery Septemger, Opening Rs. 32-14, Lowest Rs. 32-10 Closing Rs. 32-12.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May, Opening Rs. 30, Closing Rs. 29-4.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 30-11, Lowest Rs. 30, Closing Rs. 30-0-6.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.
Bombay, May 28.

3 Months Discounts 2-1/28 p.c.
6 Months Discounts 2-3/16 p.c.
Bank of England rate 2-1/2 p.c.
Call Money 4-1/2 p.c.
One Month 4-1/2 per cent.
Three Months 4-1/2 per cent.
Six Months 4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Quiet.
Imperial Bank of India rate:—6 per cent.

Tone of Silver:—Quiet. India and China sold. Buyers holding back. Cash dull forward steady

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, May 28.

Following a further small decline in New York Futures, the local market opened at Rs. 168/4 for Broach J./A. and at Rs. 132/4 for Broach A./M. 1932 delivery. There was good demand for new crop months from Japanese firms which caused steady apprehension in values to Rs. 184/12.

Liverpool opened at a decline of 9 points and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J./A.	168/4
Broach A./M.	184
Oomra	
Oomra July	152
Oomra D./J.	157
Bengal July	136/8

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, May 28.

Aug.	121.40 plus 1.00
Nov.	117.20 plus 1.90

ROOM RATE.
Bombay, May 28.

Bengal July 136.
Broach A./M. 183
Broach J./A. 163
Umra D./J. 158
Umra July 152.

SPOT RATE.
Bombay, May 28.

Bengal	147	144	140	136
Punjab	145	142	138	134
Rajputana	146	143	139	135
Broach	176	172	168	164
P. A.	184	180	176	172
K. B.	178	174	170	166
Dholera	172	168	164	160
Kalajin	178	174	170	166
Cutch	184	180	176	172
Surat	236	232	228	224
Rajpipla	236	232	228	224
Navsari	256	152	248	244
Umra No. 3	156	152	147	
C. P. No. 1	170	166	162	
C. P. No. 2.	162	158	154	

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, May 28.

64 Bussan and Co. Banusa 151.
100 Bussan and Co. Jamner 154.
55 Bussan and Co. Manavadar 170.
100 Bussan and Co. Jalna 156.
100 Bussan and Co. Aurangagad 160.
150 Bussan and Co. Sa[illegible] 153
91 Bussan and Co. Shegaon 155
117 Shapurji Bharoocha Beawar 135.
105 G. G. Kesha and Co. Amod 5 on.
100 B. Karshandas Arvi 153.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
Bombay, May 28.

3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 61-12.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 89-14.
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 88/15
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 74/13
4-1/2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 94/15
4-1/2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 82/6
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 94/10
5 per cent Loan due 1930-44 Rs. 93/12.
6 per cent Bonds due 1933-37 Rs. 100-5.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 99-15.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 109-14
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 100/5
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 101/2
6-1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 104/9.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 71/12
4 per cent. Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 70/8
4 per cent Bombay Improvemen Trust due 1974 Rs. 70/8
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 83/6
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 101/8
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1950-60 Rs. 101/8

Forward Rates: 2nd June Settlement 3-1/2 p.c. Rupee Paper Rs. 61-12-0.

5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 108-14-0.

Tone of Market:—Quiet.

STOCKS AND SHARES

PROFIT-TAKING ON ADVANCE

Quiet But Steady.

Bombay, May 28.

The share market ruled, opened at about unchanged rates and improved on scattered buying influenced by better demand for cloth and decline in Bank Rate. At

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
—:o:—
Bombay, May 28.

Bombay Dyeing 677, 82, 75.
Century 228, 33, 27, 23.
Colaba 101, 100.
Crescent 65-10.
Fazul 377, 81, 72, 74, 73.
Indore 347.
Madhowji 25.
Nagpur 327, 33, 24.
New Great 140, 42, 40.
Pearl 227, 30, 25.
Simplex 58, 56.
Swadeshi 272, 75, 71.
Burma 416, 20, 13.
Hydro 104-1, 103.
Tram 112-8.
Deff. 177, 80.
Ord. 21-6, 20-14, 12.
Bundi 12-10, 12.
Indian 156, 57, 56.
Katni Ord. 155.
Alcock 192, 88.

the advance there was some profit taking and prices reached. Bombay Burmas followed the trend in mill shares. Tata Steel ordinary shares were weak.

MILLS.
Bombay, May 28.

100 Ahm. Advance	276-4
50 Apollo	2-8
10 Bom: Cotton P.	4-1
500 Bom: Cotton	111-4
250 Bom. Dyeing	675-10
250 Bradbury P.	160
250 Bradbury	130
100 Century	228-12
500 Central India P:	446-14
100 Central India	324-3
100 Colaba	100
100 Coorla	147-3
100 Crescent	65-10
250 Currim.	65
250 David	110
250 Dawn	510
200 Ed. Sassoon	45
10 E. D. Sassoon D.	0-4-9
100 Elphinstone P.	22
100 Elphinstone	5
250 Fazulbhoy	373-12
100 Finlay	90
1000 Framji Petit	150
100 Gokal.	107-8
1000 Hindustan	1425
100 Indore-Malwa	347-8
100 Jamshed Pref.	60
250 Jamshed	10
50 Kasturchand	7-2
100 Khatau	92-8
100 Kohinoor	132-8
250 Laxmi	840
100 Madhowji	25
250 Madras United	575
1000 Morarji	510
50 Mysore	122-3
200 New Great P.	125
200 New Great	140-0
100 New City	61-4
250 Pabani	132-8
250 Pearl	225-10
100 Phoenix	225
10 Premier	1-10
100 Shapurji	6-0
1000 Sholapur	1800
150 Simplex	57-8
100 Swan	88-12
100 Swadeshi	271-4
25 Tata P.	15
25 Tata	24-8
500 Vishnu P.	577-8
500 Vishnu	1337-8
1000 Western	740

BANKS.

100-50 Baroda	67-8
50-25 Central	14-6
£10—5 Eastern	66-8
500 Imperial	1055
500125 Imperial Contr.	253-12
100-50 India	80-0
5 Union	3-2-8

CEMENTS.

10 Bundi	12-12
70 Gwalior	67-8
250 Indian	156-4
100 Katni 1st P.	101-4
100 Katni 2nd P.	105-8
40 Katni Df.	615
100 Katni	155
10 Punjab P.	8-8
10 Punjab	7-1
100 Shahabad	153-12

INSURANCE.

10 Jupiter P.	8
15 Jupiter	6-12
15 New India	15-12
200, 100 Oriental	1645-0
10 Vulcan	5-0

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad	119-0
1000 Andhra Val. P:	976-4
1000 Andhra Val.	550-0
50 Bombay Tram P:	65-0
50 Bombay Tram	112-8
100 Tata Hydro P:	102-12
100 Tata Hydro	103-12
1000 Tata Power P:	1080-0
1000 Tata Power	412-8

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Prantij	780
100 Amritsar Patti	100-0
100 Central Provin:	77-0
100 Dho: Barramati	87-0
100 Guzrat	60-0
90 Mandra Bhon	60-0
500 Tapti Valley	465

MINING.

10 Central India	0-12
10 Shivrajpur	12-2
150 Tata Steel 1 P:	117-8
100 Tata Steel 2 P.	38-8
30 Tata Steel D.	280-0
75 Tata Steel	20-12

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 Alcock	188-12
250 Bom. Steam P.	200-10
250 Bom. Steam	175
50 Bom. Telephone	43
8 s Brit. B. Petrol	2-10-0
125 Bom. Burma Old	413-12
50 Bom. Burma New	145
100 Ind. Bleaching	141-4
15 Scindia.	6-13

Bank Rate Reduced To 6 Per Cent.

—:o:—

The Imperial Bank of India rate of intereset on Demand Loans on Government Paper is reduced to 6 per cent.—A. P.

WEATHER REPORT.

POONA, May 28.

The low pressure area over the Punjab still persists there and has caused local rain in Sind with a few falls in Kashmir and scattered dust-storms along the North-west Frontier and in Rajputana. Thunderstorms have given widespread rain in Malabar and Orissa Coast and Bengal and local rain in Burma, West Central Provinces, and Mysore with a few falls in southeast Madras, Bombay Deccan, East Central Provinces, Bihar and Assam.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Victoria Point, four inches; Amherst, two; Rangoon, three-quarters; Toungoo, a half; Bassein, Myiktina, quarter; Cuttack, two; Jessore one and half; Naryangunj, Bogra, one; Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, Barisal, Berhampore, Mymensingh, Balasore, Chandbali, Sandheads, Purnea, Chandbali, half; Calcutta, Saugor Island, Burdwan Tezpur, quarter; Seoni, half; Hoshangabad, quarter; Hyderabad (Sind), quarter; Cochin, one; Mangalore, three-quarters; Belgaum, Calicut, Salem, Mercara, half; Bangalore, Vellore, quarter.

Forecast:—Rainfall will decrease in Bengal, increase in Kashmir, and extend in east and north Punjab and in submontane districts of United Provinces. Local rain is likely to continue in south Madras and Burma and a few falls in Assam, Orissa and Central Provinces.—A. P.

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REGD. NO. B 1181.

The Bombay Chronicle

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J4

PROBLEM OF THE FRONTIER.

Regulations Inquiry Committee Issues Questionnaire.

PESHAWAR, May 27.

The following questionnaire has been issued by the Frontier Regulations Inquiry Committee:—

GENERAL.

(1) What are the peculiar conditions prevailing on the North West Frontier Province which in your opinion necessitate special laws, civil and criminal?

REGULATION 111 OF 1901 (FRONTIER CRIMES.

Note.—Letters F.C.R. wherever they occur devote Frontier Crimes Regulation 111 of 1901).

(2) Assuming that F. C. R. in its present of modified form is retained, will you recommend any particular areas or classes of inhabitants to be exempted from the aforesaid Regulation or particular provisions thereof. If so, please specify such areas, classes and inhabitants as, in your opinion, should be so exempted.

(3) What are Pathan and Biluch usages as regards the convening of Jirgah in respect of

(a) selection of elders, (b) their number, (c) matters within their cognizance, (d) their powers in awarding sentence or passing other orders, (e) method of enforcing such sentence or orders.

Is there any, and if so, what difference between Pathan and Biluch usages in matters hereinbefore referred to.

(4) Do you think whipping is an appropriate sentence in North West Frontier Province in cases of offences under Sections 304, 307 324, 329, 326, 382, 392 to 399, 427, 429, 435, 436 and 448 to 560 I.P.C., in addition to the substantive sentence or otherwise?

(5) Do you think the scope of Sections 8 and 9 is too wide? Should Sections 8 and 9 be so as to be limited to particular classes of cases? Are you in favour of the aforesaid sections being repealed, if so, what alternative and effective mode of preventing apprehended murder of serious offences or of settlement of disputes between parties one of whom belongs to a Frontier tribe as the case may be do you suggest?

TRIAL BY COURT.

(6) In what cases, if any, in your opinion, it is inexpedient that the question of guilt or innocence of any person or persons accused of any offence or of any of several persons so accused should be tried by a Court? Please give reasons in support of your opinion.

(7) Whether, in your opinion Chapter 111 shou'd be (i) repealed or (ii) appropriately amended.

If you favour repeal, please suggest an alternative with due regard to the local conditions. If you favour amendment, please state the nature of the amendment you would make.

(8) Do the construction of a new Hujra or Chauk and the use of a building as a Mukra or Chauk lead, in certain cases, to breach of peace? If so, do you think that provisions of Section 33 require modification in any respect, if so, in what respect?

(9) Do blood fueds occasionally arise and lead to a series of murders or serious crimes, if so, do you think that security provisions contained in Sections 41 to 46 are necessary or unduly severe, requiring amendment. Please suggest alternative remedy if you favour repeal or radical amendment of the aforesaid sections.

(10) Will you allow appeal in certain cases, if so in what cases?

(11) Are in you favour of revisional jurisdiction being given to the Court of the Judicial Commissioner instead of the Commissioner?

(12) Are you in favour of representation by a legal practitioner of the person accused or proceeded against at any stage, and if so, what?

(13) Do you favour an express provision being made that the council of Elders should.

(i) maintain a record of their proceedings including the names of witnesses and the substance of information given by each; (ii) afford to the accused or person proceeded against an opportunity of putting questions. (iii) invariably visit the scene of occurrence and (iv) give a brief statement of reasons in support of their findings.

(14) If your answer to the preceding questions or any of them be in the negative please give reasons and suggest any reasonable means by which the Deputy Commissioner can determine, before sentencing the accused or passing order to his prejudice, as to whether it is safe to act upon the verdict of the Council of Elders

PUBLIC OPINION ABOUT F.C.R.

(15) What is the state of public opinion as regards F.C.R.? Is there any class of inhabitants who is in your opinion satisfied with the administration under the Regulation. What is your own feeling in the matter?

(16) Please mention cases in which, in your opinion improper use has been made of provisions of F. C. R.

(17) Please mention cases in which, in your opinion, failure of justice has occurred in consequence of application of Provinsions of F. C. R. In particular, please mention cases in which, in your opinion, improper use was made or failure of justice resulted from the application of the following provisions.

(a) Elders constituting Jigra being selected by the Deputy Commissioner for proceedings under Sections 8, 11, 40 or 41, (b) Civil and Criminal references to the Council of Elders under Chapter 111. (c) Blockade of a hostile or an unfriendly tribe under Section 21. (d) Liability of a community to punishment or forfeiture under Sections 22, 23, 25 and 26 for connivance at the commission of an offence or at the escape of a person suspected or the suppression of evidence, (e) Liability of a person carrying arms under suspicious circumstances under Section 29. (f) Prohibition against erection of new villages, buildings, hujras, etc. or removal thereof under Sections 31 to 34, (g) Liability to provide Naubati to Chowkidars under Section 35. (h) Power to order residence beyond North West Frontier Province under Section 36. (i) Authority to arrest under Sections 38 and 39. (j) Power to order security or surveillance under Sections 40 to 46 (k) Recovery of fines from relatives of persons liable under Section 56.

(18) Have you any observations to make regarding the use of political havalats in cases arising under F. C. R.

REGULATION IV OF 1901: (MURDEROUS OUTRAGES REGULATION).

(19) Are provisions of the general Criminal Law inadequate for dealing with cases of murderous outrages of the kind to which Regulation IV of 1901 applies? If so, are you in favour.

(b) of retention of Fegulation V of 1901 or (b) of amendment thereof.

In case you favour amendment, in what respects would you modify its provisions?

(2) In particular do you favour any alteration in provisions of Regulation IV of 1901 in respect of

(a) definition of "fanatic" (b) sentence (v) summary of procedure including record of evidence and judgment (d) court having juridiction to try (e) right of appeal (f) representation by legal practitioner.

(21) What is the state of public opinion as regards this Regulation? Are you aware of any instances in which provisions of this Regulation were improperly used or failure of justice resulted from the application thereof; if so, please give particulars.

REGULATION IV OF 1922: (SECURITY REGULATIONS).

REGULATION IV OF 1931: (SAFETY REGULATION).

(22) How far is it in public interest or otherwise expedient, having regard to conditions prevailing in North West Frontier Province, to retain or reenact as the case may be, the provisions of the abovenoted Regulations?

(23) In what respects, if any, would you modify the provisions of these regulations?

(24) Are you aware of any instances in which the aforesaid regulations were used improperly or the application thereof created widespread resentment or inflicted hardship?

REGULATION VII OF 1901 (LAW AND JUSTICE.)

(25) Do you favour amendment of any part of Regulation noted above? If so, in what respect?

(26) Have you any observations to make in reference to Sections 20 to 24?—A. P.

SHADOWED BY C. I. D.

Kamala Devi's Experience In Ceylon And South India

MADE TO WAIT IN POURING RAIN

(From a Correspondent).

HUBLI, May 24.

Srimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya who has just returned after a short holiday in Ceylon, in a special interview to me narrated the story of how she was being shadowed by C. I. D. men. Though her visit to the Southern Island was private and primarily for a rest cure, she had had to attend several social functions with an admixture of politics. The people of Ceylon were so kind and hospitable to her, she said, that it was with great difficulty that she could avoid many pressing invitations The police attentions were also persistent..

"Although the police escort from Colombo to Madras was "very polite," she told me, "from Madras onwards, the charge having been handed over to the Railway Police, they began to make themselves a pest. At every station two of them came and stood in front of my compartment talking to each other and drawing the obvious attention of the crowd."

RUDENESS

Their inquisitiveness increased as the object of their watch seemed to be inattentive. "Once when I lay down to rest" she remarked, "they approached the compartment and began to question the other inmates of my whereabouts. This created such a stir all over the train that afterwards at every Station people began to gather in front of my window and look in wondering why I was being so closely watched."

MADE TO WAIT IN TRAIN

"Nor is this all. When I got down at Hubli the Congress Secretary was there. We were immediately accosted by a police man in plain clothes who stopped us. He gave no reason, but said we were to wait. When we got into the carriage, he asked the driver not to proceed. We asked him why he was detaining us, but could get no explanation. We were held up in pouring rain, despite our protest. The carriage was then taken to the police quarters and there again we were detained. Two other men came out with some papers. There was some lengthy consultation and poring over papers and every now and again they locked me up and down. Finally we were asked to go home. I do not see why we citizens should be insulted in this wretched manner especially when no explanation of any sort is offered for this unseemly behaviour," she concluded.

PROCEEDING TO WALTAIR

The Ceylon trip seems to have had good effect on her health. She looked quite well and fit. She left Hubli for Hukkeri, where the Karnatak political Conference meets, 'en route' to Waltair where she will join Mr. Harindranath Chattopadhyaya.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN DELHI

Suspect Arrested

NEW DELHI, May 28.

A countrymade bomb exploded outside a Halwai's (Sweetmeet seller) house in Sardar Bazar last night but no one was injured. A man who was seen running away from the spot after the explosion was arrested on suspicion. It will be recalled that a similar explosion took place in the oven of the same halwai some time ago overturning his pan of ghee and burning his face. It is reported that the outrage is the outcome of a family feud and no political significance is therefore attached to the outrage.—A. P.

MESSRS. NIMBKAR & HUTCHINSON IN BOMBAY

Preparations For Public Reception

A warm reception was accorded to Messrs. Lester Hutchinson and R. S. Nimbkar, the two undertrial prisoners in the Meerut "Conspiracy" Case who are on bail, when they arrived in Bombay by the Lahore Express on Thursday morning.

Mr. Nimbkar alighted at Dadar Station at 5-30 a.m. and was received among others by Messrs. Deshpande, Philip Antone of the Girni Kamgar Union and some members of the Young Workers' League. Mr. Nimbkar stayed with Mr. Deshpade and left for Poona the same afternoon to see his aged father.

Mr. Hutchinson alighted at Victoria Terminus and was received by Mrs. Nambiar, Mr. Ranadive and others. A reception in honour of Messrs. Nimbkar and Hutchinson is being arranged by some of the Labour Unions.

THEFT CHEQUES & HUNDIS

Accused Jailed For 8 Months

Ratilal Odhavji, who stood charged with theft of certain cheques and hundis from the 'post boxes' of certain local commercial firm, was convicted by Mr. D.N.D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Thursday and senteneed to an aggregate term of 8 months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 600 or in default further seven months' jail.

ACCUSED PLEADS GUILTY.

The accused was arrested at Kalbadevi Post Office, while removing letters from the 'post box' of Vallabhram Hemchand on the morning of April 20. A clerk, who was watching him open the box found the accused putting back post cards into the box again. This aroused his suspicions and the accused was arrested. Investigations revealed that the accused had similarly extracted Hundis and cheques from the 'post boxes' belonging to some Banks and firms in Bombay.

The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced as above.

CONFERENCE WEEK A GRAND SUCCESS

Smti. Kamaladevi Elected Member Of K. P. C. C.

(From Our Correspondent).

HUKERI, May 28.

The Conference week at Hukeri came to a sucessfull close at midnight yesterday amidst scenes of great enthusiasm. The Swadeshi Exhibition, the Ladies' Conference, the Karnatak Unification Conference and the Karnatak Provincial Conference were all a grand success. Shrimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya figured prominently among the Delegates and promises to devote most of her time and energy for Karnatak. She has been elected a member of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, and represents Karnatak on the All-India Congress Committee.

The relief resolution for hardhit and poverty-stricken peasants of Sirsi and Siddapur Talukas in Karwar District moved in the Provincial Conference yesterday drew about Rs. 700 in coppers, mainly from the huge audience that had assembled, in only five minutes. The Karnatak Conference week was similar to the All-India Congress Week. The Conferences have made a great impression on the people of Karnatak, especially this year after the recent Satyagraha struggle.

PICKETING OF FOREIGN CLOTH AT BANGALORE

60 Volunteers Take Part

(From a Correspondent).

BANGALORE, May 28.

Picketing of foreign cloth shops was launched yesterday evening, organised by the City Congress Committee. More than 60 lady and male volunteers and prominent Congress workers went in a procession through Chichpet the centre of foreign cloth trade, singing songs. Two lady and two male volunteers posted themselves to prominent shops. Volunteers are in charge of traffic control. Police officers were present in Mufti in large numbers. Great enthusiasm prevails.

OUR POONA LETTER

Mulshi Petha Conference

POONA, May 26.

The Mulshi Petha Political Conference was held on the 18th inst. at Gholwade (Mulshi Petha, Poona District), under the presidentship of Mr. Balu Saheb Tulpule of Poona.

Sjt. Mulji Gujar Seth, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcomed the delegates on behalf of the Mulshi Petha people and then he laid before the delegates the difficulties which the Mawlas had to face on account of 33 per cent. increase in the land tax. He also made an earnest appeal to the District Local Board to make the arrangement for the education of the Mawlas and to take early steps for the supply of drinking water.

Srijut Tulpule thanked the people for the honour they had done by electing him the President. He then said, that Mulshi Petha has played an important part in the political history of Maharashtra. The Satyagraha movement was launched by the inhabitants of Mulshi Petha long before the Civil Disobedience Movement was started last year. The Civil Disobedience Movement has produced such an effect on the Government that the Government had to feel the strength of the Swaraj demand and call Mahatmaji to make truce. He then gave in short the history of the Congress from Lahore to Karachi. He requested them to carry on the constructive programme. The period is of Truce. That does not mean that peace has come. In case, we are asked to re-start the movement again by our leader, we must be ready for it. He asked people to boycott foreign goods and along with it increase the production of Khadi. Let every house in village ply Charkha, for Charkha alone will bring Swaraj, which means salvation to the farmers.

About thirteen or fourteen resolutions were passed in the Conference, the chief being, full support to Gandhi-Irwin Pact; the declaration of rights at Karachi.

FREE CHARKHA CLASS.

A free Charkha Class for women and girls was started from to-day in the Poona City. It is housed in Sadashiv Peth, Poona City.

The meeting of the Poona City Congress Committee was held on the 20th inst. in the Committee Office. It was decided in the meeting to recruit volunteers who shall carry out the Congress programme. A Boycott Committee was appointed with full powers to deal in the matter of boycott. The Committee has Sjt. Haroliker as its President and Sjt. S. M. Phulamriker as its Secretary. Messrs. Ranade of Palsa Glass Factory, Ganesh Shastri Joshi and S. K. Bhave are the members of the Committee.

KUNJWIHARI IN POONA.

Sjt. Kunjwihari, a Martial Law prisoner from Sholapur, and a poet of great repute, who was released recently, paid a visit to Poona. He gave poetry recitation at the Congress Office, which was much admired by the audience present. At the close of the meeting, Mr. Joshi thanked the poet and presented him with a Khadi shawl, as a mark of appreciation on behalf of the City Congress Committee.

BARA IMAM PROCESSION.

In connection with the Moharram celebration, the Punja of Bara Imam was taken out in a procession. Large crowd consisting of all communities took part. People were seen distributing "shurbat" through all the streets, the procession passed.

MAWALIS EXCHANGE BLOWS.

Yesterday night, few Mawalis, who were drunk, created trouble by abusing others. The matter came to blows. Knives were taken out, but the appearance of the police at the place made the matter easy. The police arrested about 15 people.

Mysore Workers To Meet Pt. Jawharlal.

—:o:—

BANGALORE, CITY, May 28.

The Secretary, Railway Union, Bangalore City, wires.—

The Mysore Labour Conference will hold its sessions on June 1 when all the workers of Mysore will present and address to Pandit Jawharlal who will later open the Conference at which, Mr. V. V. Giri will preside.—A. P.

MAHATMAJI ADVISES LEGAL ACTION.

BIJORI VILLAGERS' ALLEGATIONS AGAINST POLICE.

(From A Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, May 26.

On the 20th instant, a party consisting of 50 constables under one Tej Singh, Sub-Inspector incharge Police Station, Raya, raided the village of Bijori in the District of Muttra, for arresting some persons of that village under section 107 Criminal Procedure Code. Most of the persons against whom there were warrants, were absent from the village, having come to Muttra to attend the District Political and the Kisan Conferences. This particular village has been a centre of Congress activities during civil disobedience, and due to this had incurred the displeasure of the local authorities. There are serious allegations against the police of assault and house-breaking.

MAHATMAJI'S ADVICE.

When the news reached the Congress Head-quarters, Dr. Srinath, President, City Congress Committee, and Professor Krishna Chandra, Secretary were deputed to make enquiries on the spot. They went to the village made enquiries and submitted their report.

On the 24th instant the whole case was placed before Mahatma Gandhi when he came here from Nainital "en-route" to Borsad, and his advice was sought in this matter. Mahatmaji, immediately wrote a long letter to Mr. Emerson, Chief Secretary to the Government of India, in this connection. Besides this Mahatmaji advised the people of Bijori who had come to lay their grievances before him, to lodge a complaint against the police officers concerned.

THE COMPLAINT.

Accordingly, a complaint under section 395 of the I.P.C. against Tejsingh, Sub-Inspector, other police officials and 52 constables, has been filed to-day in the Court of the Joint Magistrate.

It is alleged therein that on the 20th May at about 10 in the morning, Sub-Inspector Tejsingh and another Police officer, whose name is not known, with Kanchansigh, Amarsingh and 50 other constables from Police Station Raya came to the village along with one Bhagmal of the same village. After some time, this party was joined by Govinda and Harna. The police was armed with rifles, spears and lathies. It is alleged that the accused first raided the Congress Ashram, threw away the flag-posts and tore the cloth of the flags. After this, all the accused it is alleged attacked the village, entered the houses, forcibly broke open the doors and locks and took possession of cash and ornaments. When people, men and women, asked them not to do like that, the police are alleged to have assaulted them."

Then there is reference to specific allegations against the accused, with reference to the injury to the complainant's person, looting and destroying of his property and assaulting his aunt. At the time of the departure, sub-Inspector Tejsingh is alleged to have told that if they, (i.e., villagers) could take part in Congress, they would again "be put right like this."

The Joint Magistrate on receiving the above complaint wrote a letter to the District Magistrate stating therein that the allegations of the people of Bijori against Tejsingh and other police men are very serious and sought his advice in the matter.

The Court has fixed 1st of June in this case.

KARNATAK UNIFICATION CONFERENCE RESOLUTIONS

Mahatma Thanked For His Sympathy

HUKERI, May 27.

The Karnatak Unification Conference passed resolutions urging that the principle of the formation of the Karnatak as a separate province should be incorporated in the new Swaraj Constitution, thanking Mahatma Gandhi for his sympathy towards Karnatak's aspirations for immediate unification, and appointing a Committee consisting of Dr. U. Ramarao and others to carry out the work of the conference. After Dr. Pattabhi Sitarayamyya's concluding remarks the Conference came to a close.—A. P.

BAJAJ TAKEN IN PROCESSION.

Vehicle Drawn By 16 Bullocks

(From A Correspondent).

HUKERI, May 27.

After visiting Hudli village, residence of Sjt. Gangadharrao Deshpande, and after inspecting Kumri Khadi Mandir, established by Sjt. Gangadharrao, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj arrived at Hukeri yesterday morning. He, Durgabhai Joshi and Dr. Patabhi Sitaramaya were taken in a procession consisting by more than 8,000 persons. The vehicle in which Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and others were seated, was drawn by 16 bullocks. Great enthusiasm prevailed at this morning's flag salutation ceremony which was performed by Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya. Dr. Hardikar was also present.

BAJAJ TO VISIT HUNAGUND

Boycott Of Foreign Cloth Stiffened

HUNGUND, May 25.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj will arrive here on the 2nd of June. Preparations are going on for his reception. A public lecture will be delivered at Ilkert at 6 p.m.

The boycott of foreign cloth is much stiffened. Ilkal merchants, except one or two, have decided not to buy a yarn of foreign make. Cigars and other foreign articles are also boycotted.

KARNATAK WOMEN'S CONFERENCE

HUKERI, May 27.

The fifth session of the Karnatak Women's Conference was held here this afternoon under the presidentship of Shrimati Durgabai Joshi of Akola, (Berar), Mrs. Ramabai Kulahalli, Chairman of the Reception Committee, welcomed the guests in suitable terms. In the course of her presidential address Mrs. Durgabai appreciated the sacrifices made during the last civil disobedience movement by women of the Karnatak and emphasised the need of vigorously carrying on the constructive side of the Congress programme. A resolution relating to the up'ift of women of the Karnatak was passed by the Conference.—A. P.

ALL-INDIA RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION

Demand For Conciliation Board Rejected.

BOMBAY, May 25.

The General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, Bombay sends for publication a letter received by him from the Government of India Department of Industries and Labour in reply to his application for the appointment of a Board of Conciliation for the settlement of an alleged trade dispute between Registered Railway Trade Unions in India and the respective Railway administrations. In the course of the reply the Government of India regret that they are unable to accede to the request for the appointment of a Conciliation Board.—A. P.

"CREATE ARBITRATION BOARDS"

Sjt. Bose's Speech At Surat

(From A Correspondent)

SURAT, May 28.

Last night addressing a crowded meeting at Tilak Maidan Sjt. Subash Bose exhorted people to boycott foreign goods, create arbitration boards to destroy liquor and toddy and carry out the constructive programme referring to the aim of Mahatmaji in going to London, speaker stated that Mahatmaji accepted to go to London only to present united demands. If not accepted the struggle will be resumed.

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